



# GEOREFERENCING ATTRIBUTES

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# GEOREFERENCING ATTRIBUTES

## *ROAD ATTRIBUTES:*

ELEVATION, FRICTION, TEXTURE, COLOR, ROUGHNESS...

***HOW SHOULD WE LOCATE (GEOREFERENCE)  
ATTRIBUTE MEASUREMENTS TAKEN AT  
DIFFERENT TIMES  
BY  
DIFFERENT EQUIPMENT?***



# GEOREFERENCING ATTRIBUTES

METHOD SHOULD BE:

- CLEAR AND UNAMBIGUOUS,
- STABLE AND ENDURING,
- COMPACT WHEN DIGITALLY STORED,
- COMPREHENSIVE AND ALL-ENCOMPASSING  
(DIFFERENT ATTRIBUTES, EQUIPMENT, TIMES)

**Hold me accountable to these!**



# GEOREFERENCING ATTRIBUTES

## 1. GEOREFERENCING SYSTEM

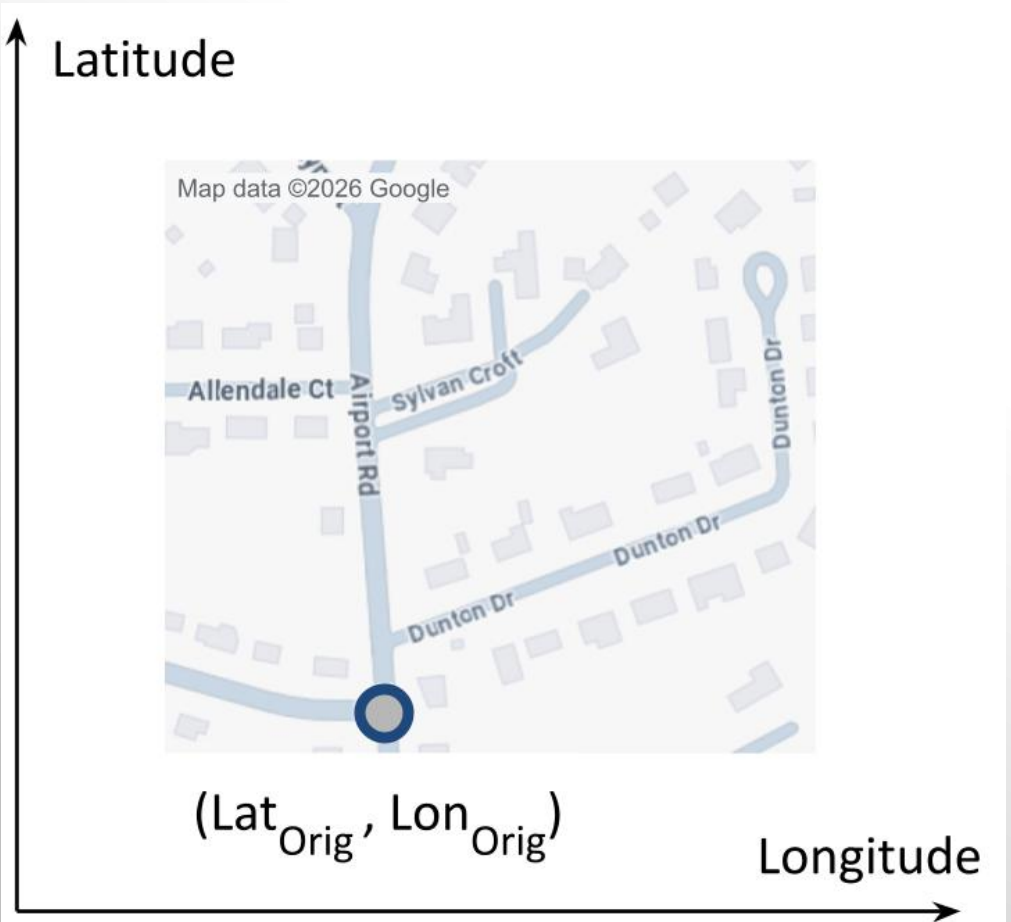
- COORDINATE SYSTEM IN GLOBAL REFERENCE FRAME
- STATIONS (GROUND CONTROL POINTS)
- SPLINE
- PATH COORDINATES

## 2. ATTRIBUTE-SPECIFIC GRIDS

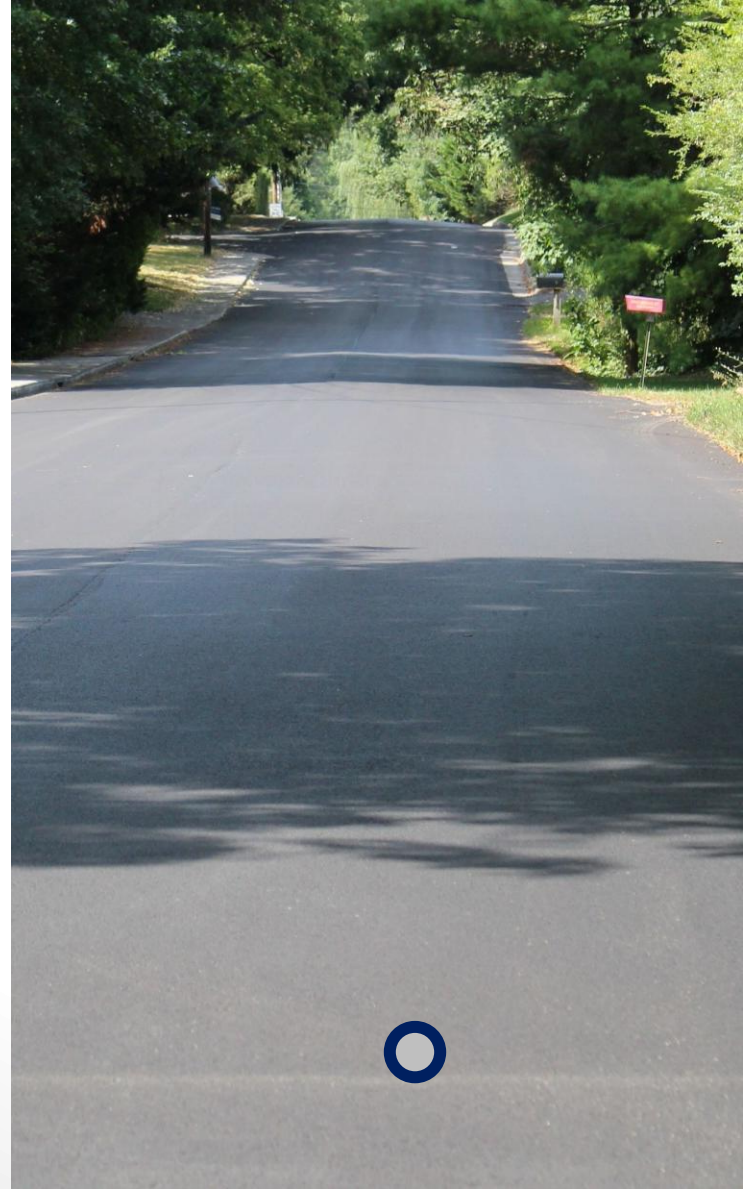


# 1. GEOREFERENCING SYSTEM

## REFERENCE ORIGIN IN GLOBAL REFERENCE FRAME

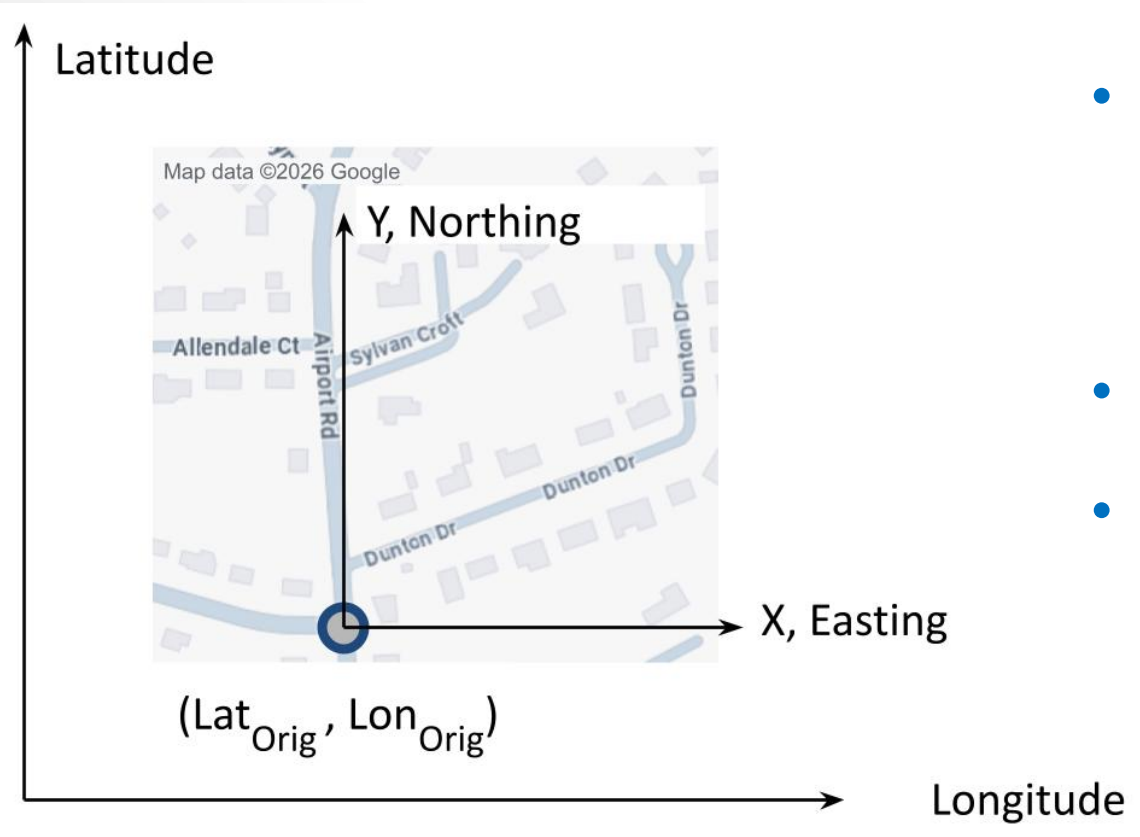


- Start of Road (Lat, Lon, Elev)
- Established by:
  - Transportation Agency
  - Standard
- Example:
  - Lane center
  - Intersection

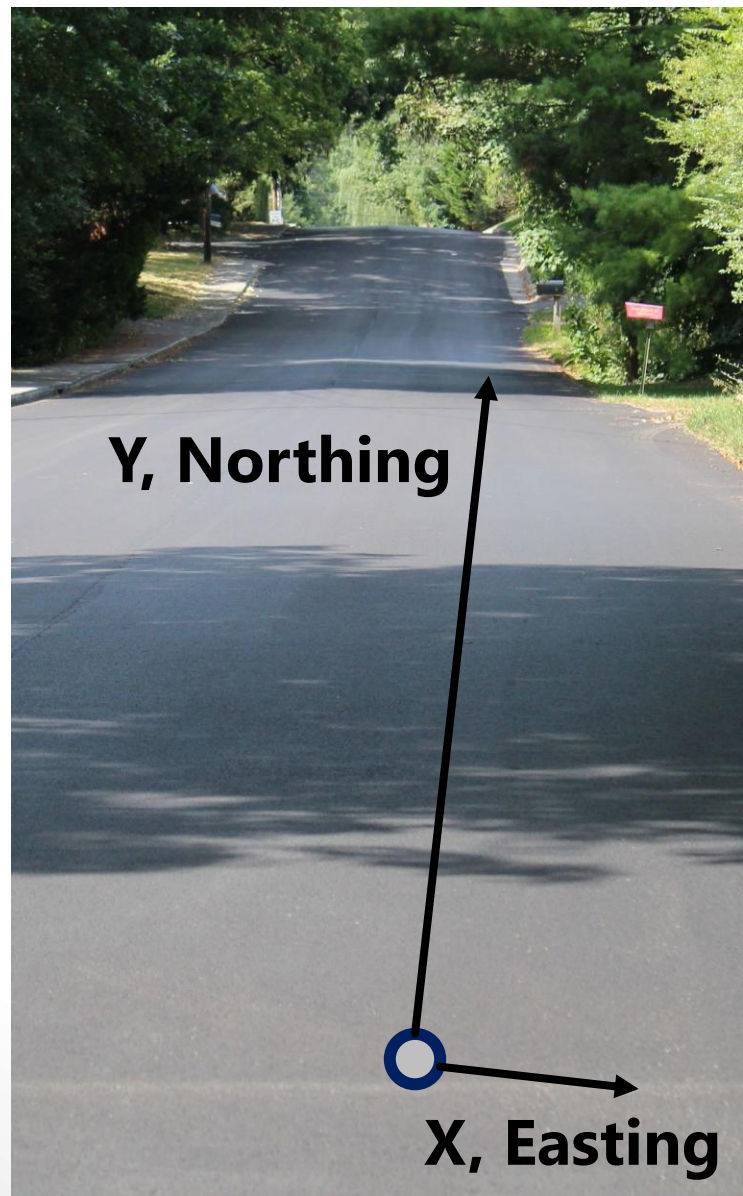


# 1. GEOREFERENCING SYSTEM

REFERENCE COORDINATE SYSTEM  
GLOBAL COORDS → LOCAL COORDS

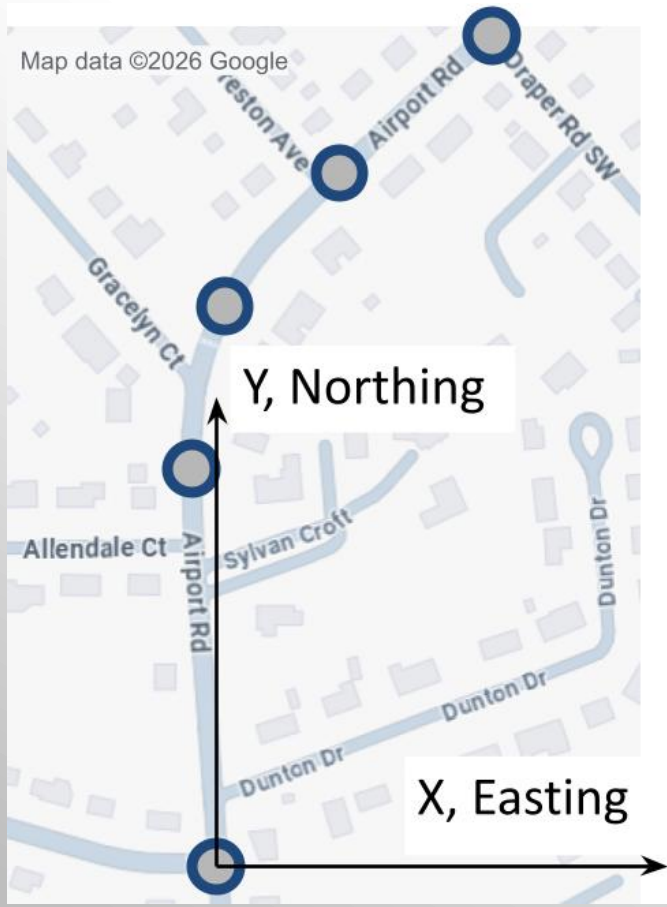


- Both are Earth-Fixed Reference Frames
- Center at Origin
- Local Coords: UTM (meters)

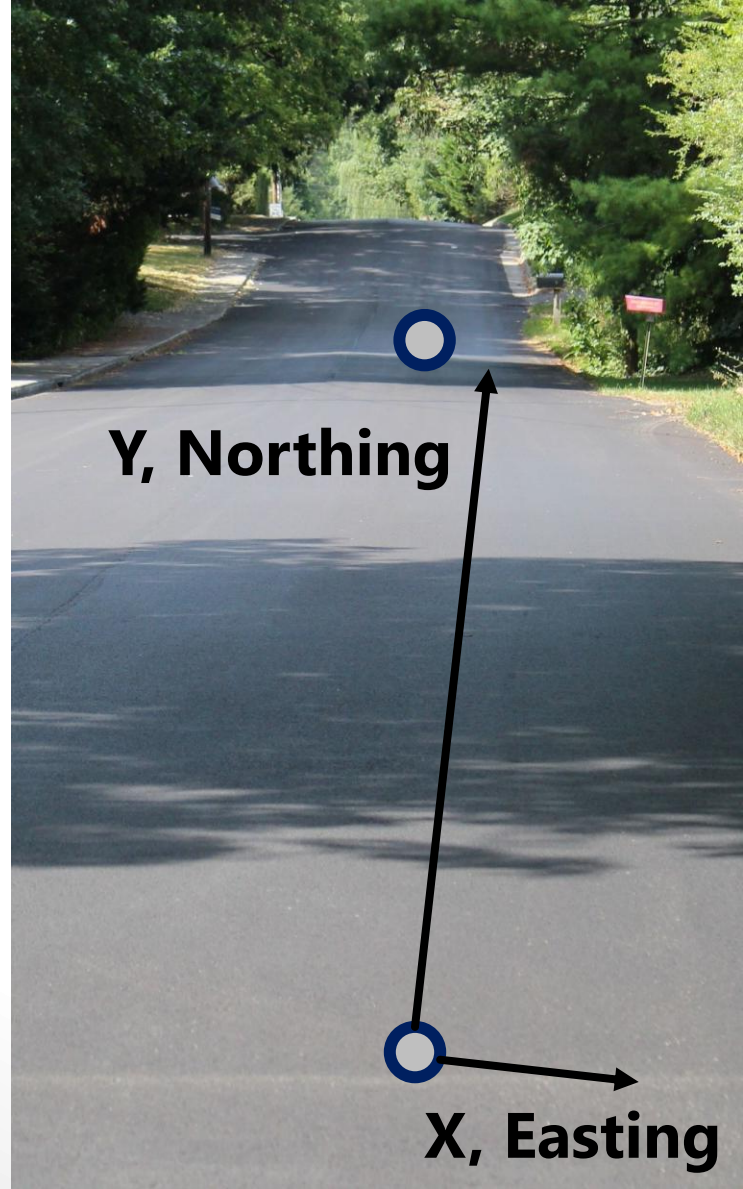


# 1. GEOREFERENCING SYSTEM

## REFERENCE STATIONS (GROUND CONTROL POINTS)



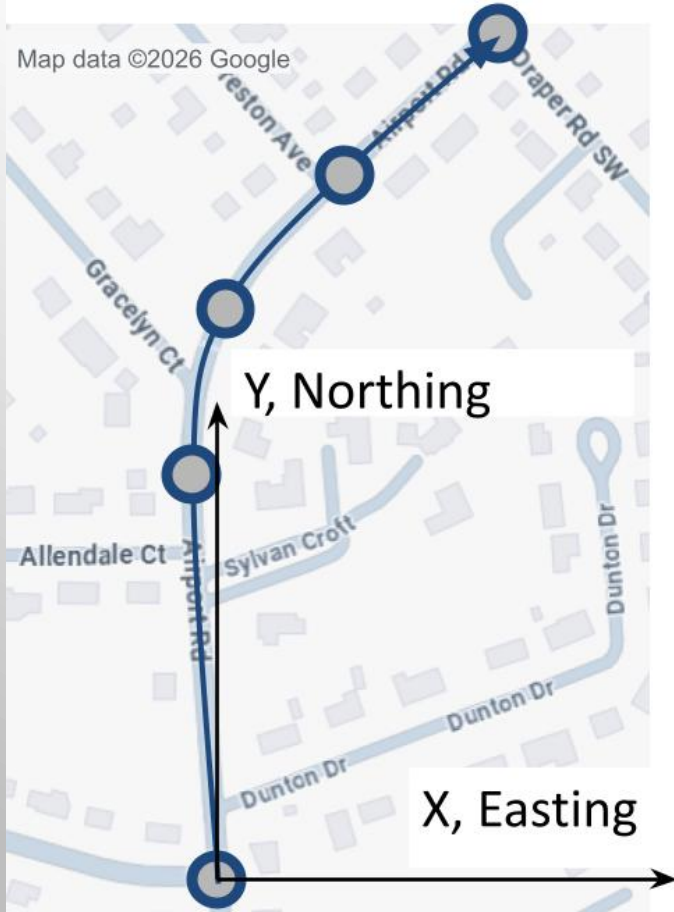
- Number and frequency depend on road curvature



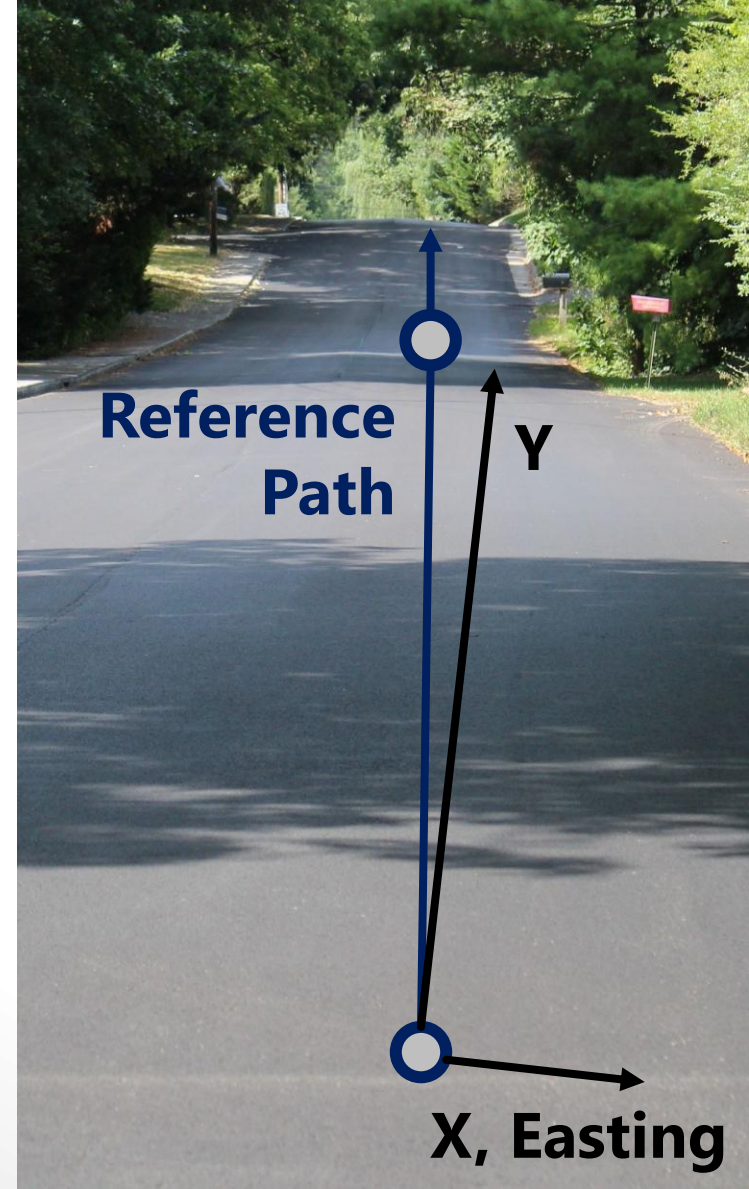
# 1. GEOREFERENCING SYSTEM



## REFERENCE SPLINE



- Defining Spline is critical
- Either
  - Straight line (cities), or
  - Modified Akima
- Specify Reference Stations and Reference Spline
  - Reference Path
- Reference Path
  - *Unambiguous*
  - *Continuous, not discrete*



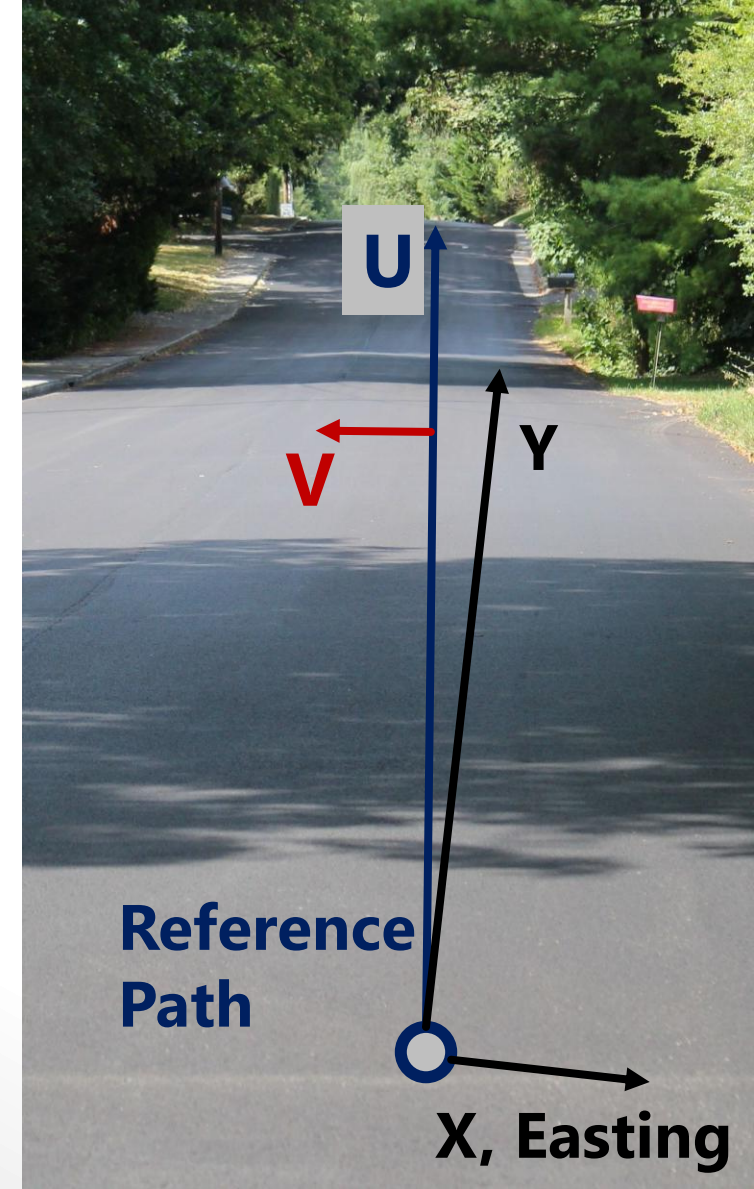
# 1. GEOREFERENCING SYSTEM



## REFERENCE PATH COORDINATES

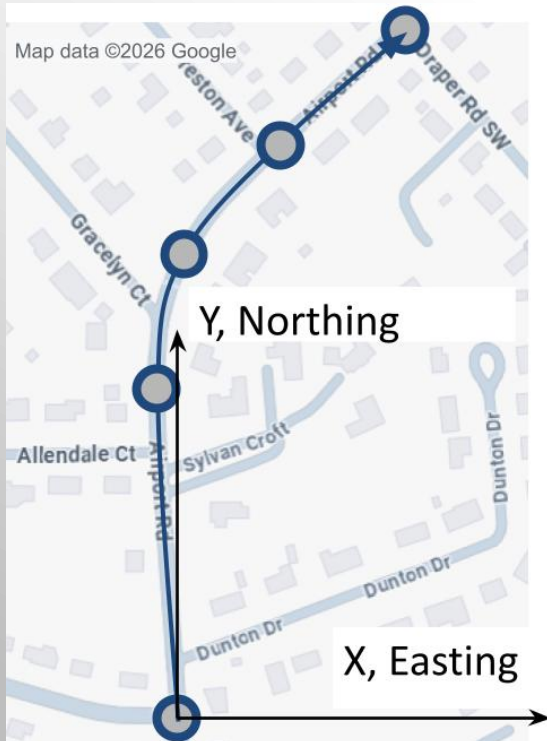


- Reference Path Coordinates (U,V) are *continuous, not discrete*
- U: Distance traveled from Reference Origin along Reference Path
- V: Distance perpendicular to U at all points along Reference Path
- (Longitudinal, Transverse)



# FILE FORMAT

UNAMBIGUOUS,  
STABLE, AND  
COMPACT



## Meta Data

1. Reference Path Identifier (unique "name")
2. Origin Location, (LatOrig, LonOrig, ElevOrig)
3. Reference Spline Identifier: "linear", "makima"
4. Distance Units: "meters", "miles"

## Data

Reference Stations (Easting, Northing from Origin)

### Example:

#### Meta Data

```
VA_Blacksburg_Airport_Southgate_North  
37.217273, -80.408295, 650.53  
"makima"  
"meters"
```

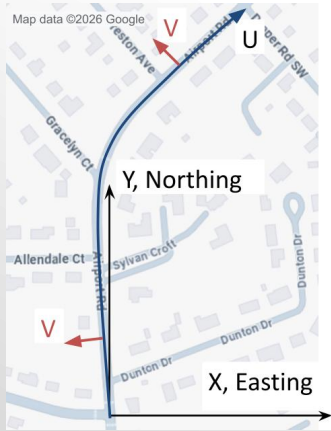
#### Data

-13.45	192.85	9.98
-1.52	271.36	10.97
66.02	353.32	3.37
137.2	419.89	-0.45



# 1. GEOREFERENCING SYSTEM

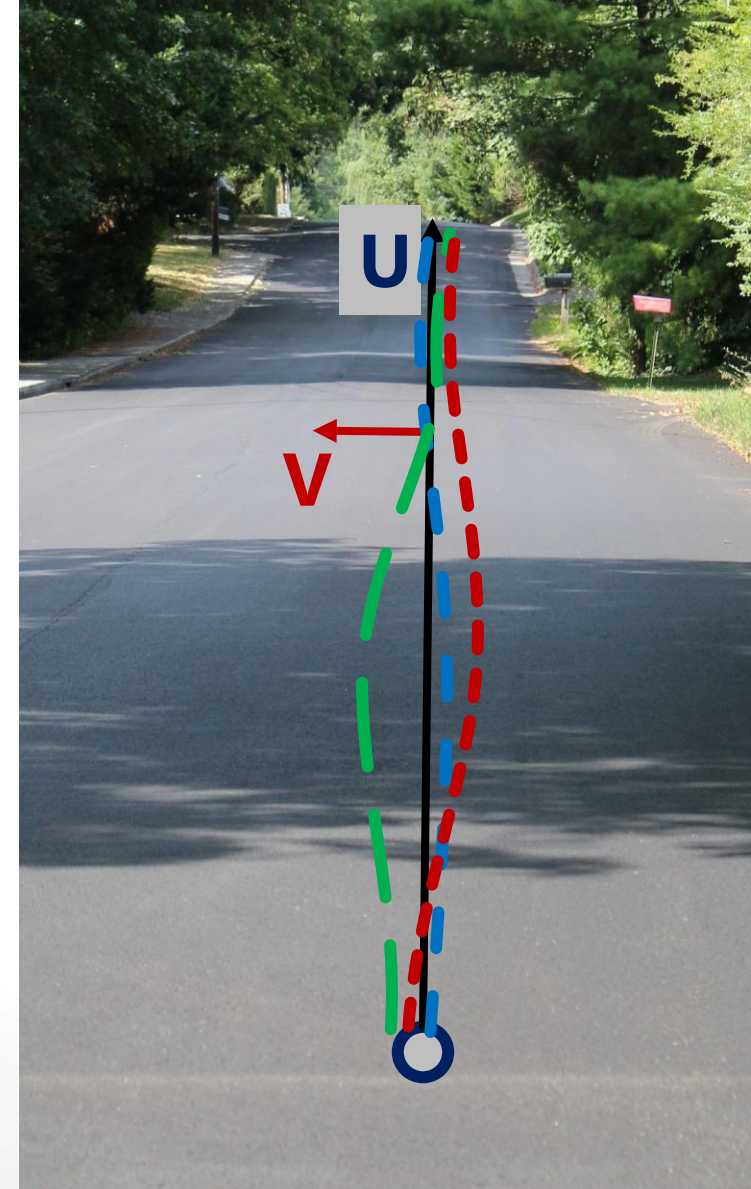
*SO WHAT?!*



**(U,V) are natural coordinates for data acquisition (DAQ)**

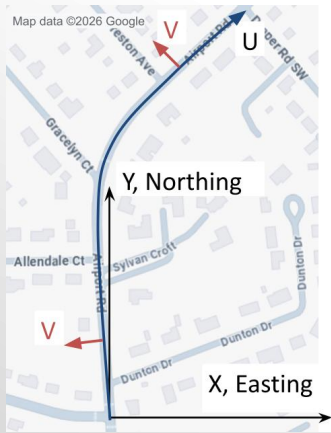
- Reference Path is known exactly
- DAQ location is known exactly
- Small deviations (transverse wander) are easy to correct (scale U, shift V)

**Multiple Attributes, at different times,  
Georeferenced to SAME PATH**

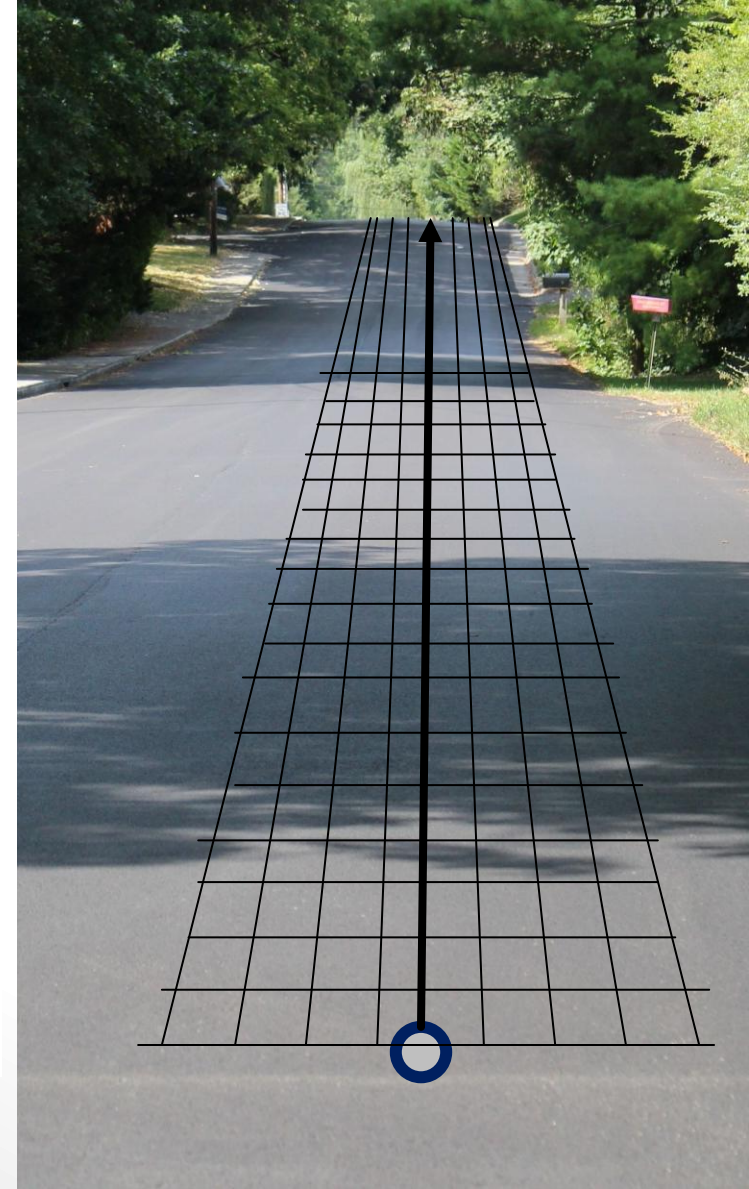
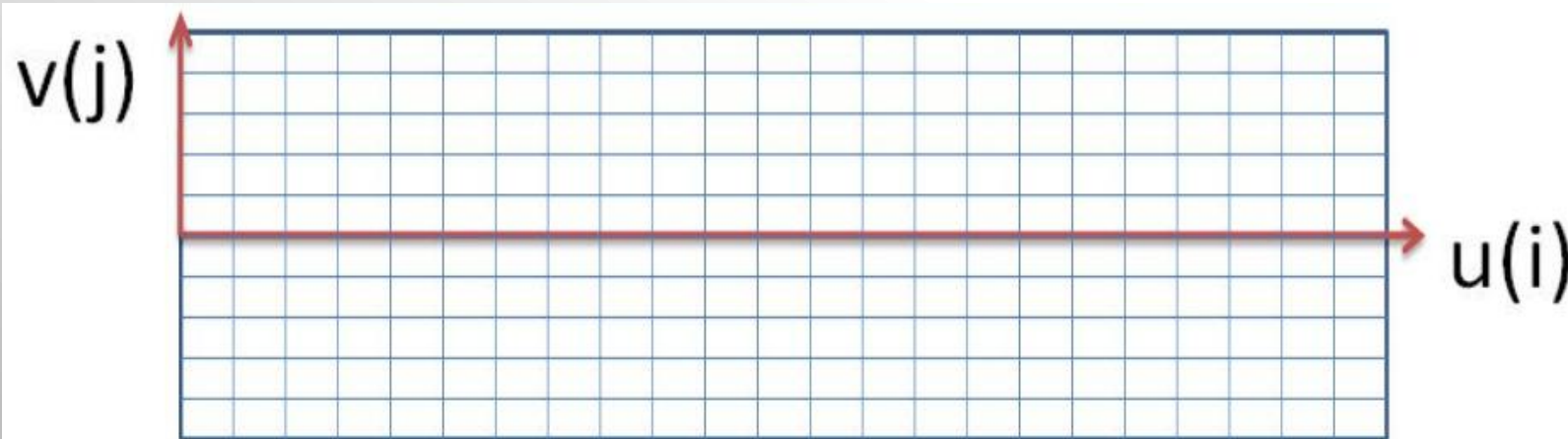


# 2. ATTRIBUTE-SPECIFIC GRIDS

(U, V) PATH COORDINATES FORM "BACKBONE"



- Form Grid in (U,V) coords for each Attribute
- Attribute determines Discretization
- Example 1: Elevation



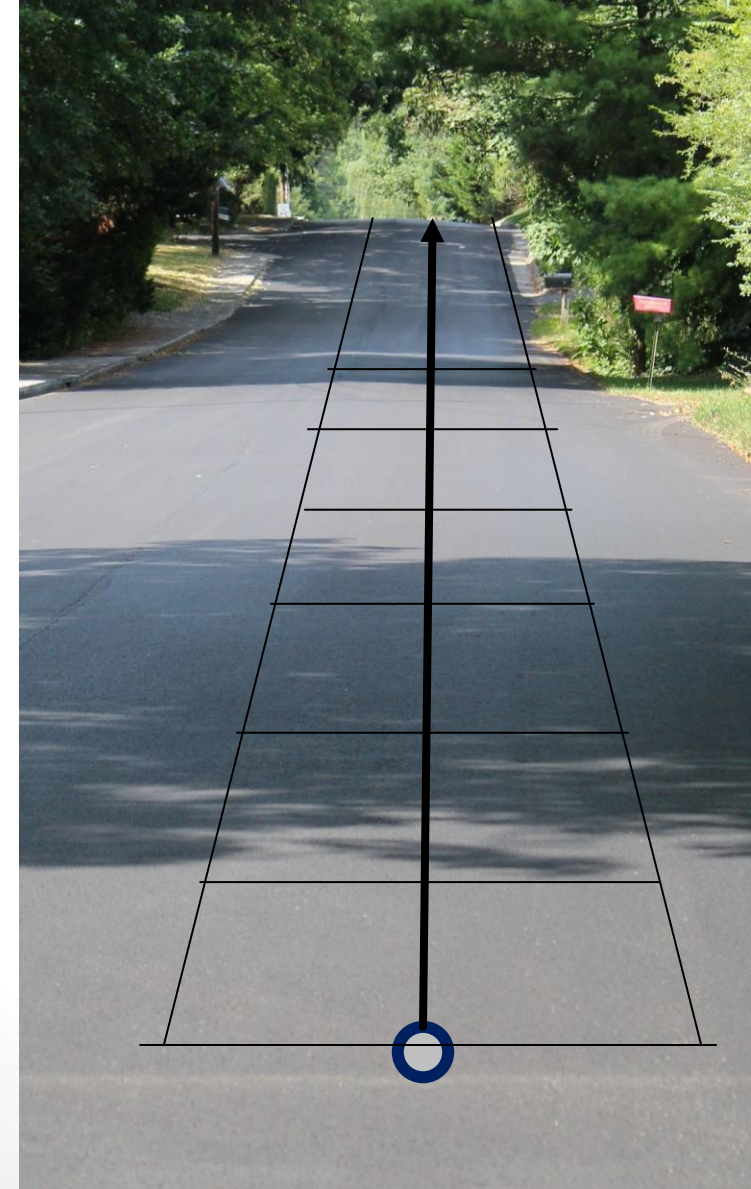
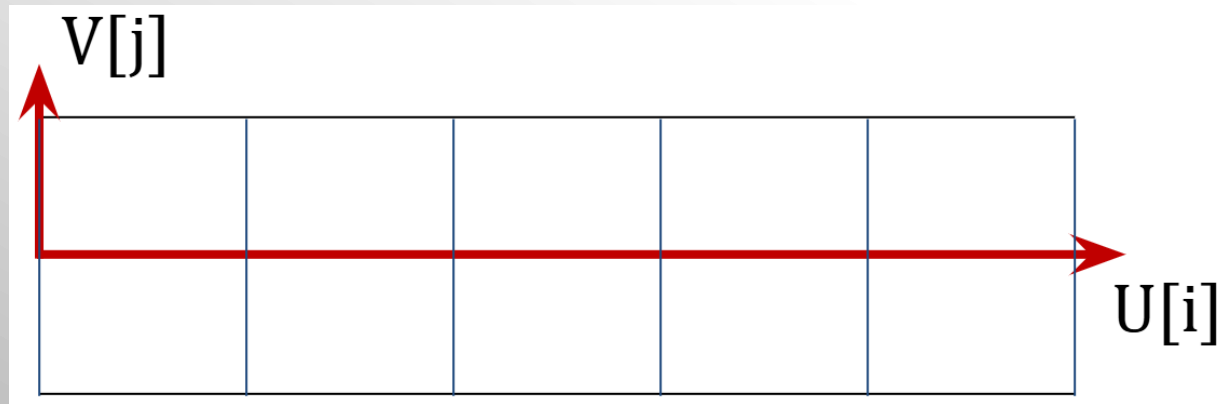
# 2. ATTRIBUTE-SPECIFIC GRIDS



(U, V) PATH COORDINATES FORM "BACKBONE"



- Form Grid in (U,V) coords for each Attribute
- Attribute → Discretization
- Example 2: Friction

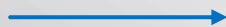


# FILE FORMAT

Use existing  
compression methods,  
Such as...

HDF5  
(hierarchical data format):  
e.g., GZIP  
On-the-fly compression,  
partial I/O (read parts of the  
matrix without loading the  
whole thing), and metadata.

This is a matrix!



## Meta Data

1. Attribute Identifier (unique "name")
2. Reference Path Identifier
3. Length Units: "meters", "miles"
4. Longitudinal Node Locations,  $U(i)$
5. Transverse Node Locations,  $V(j)$

## Data

Matrix of data ( $U(i)$  is row,  $V(j)$  is column)

## Example:

### Meta Data

```
Elevation_Airport_Southgate_North
VA_Blacksburg_Airport_Southgate_North
"millimeters"
      0 : 500      : 420000
    -2000 : 10      : 2000
```

### Data

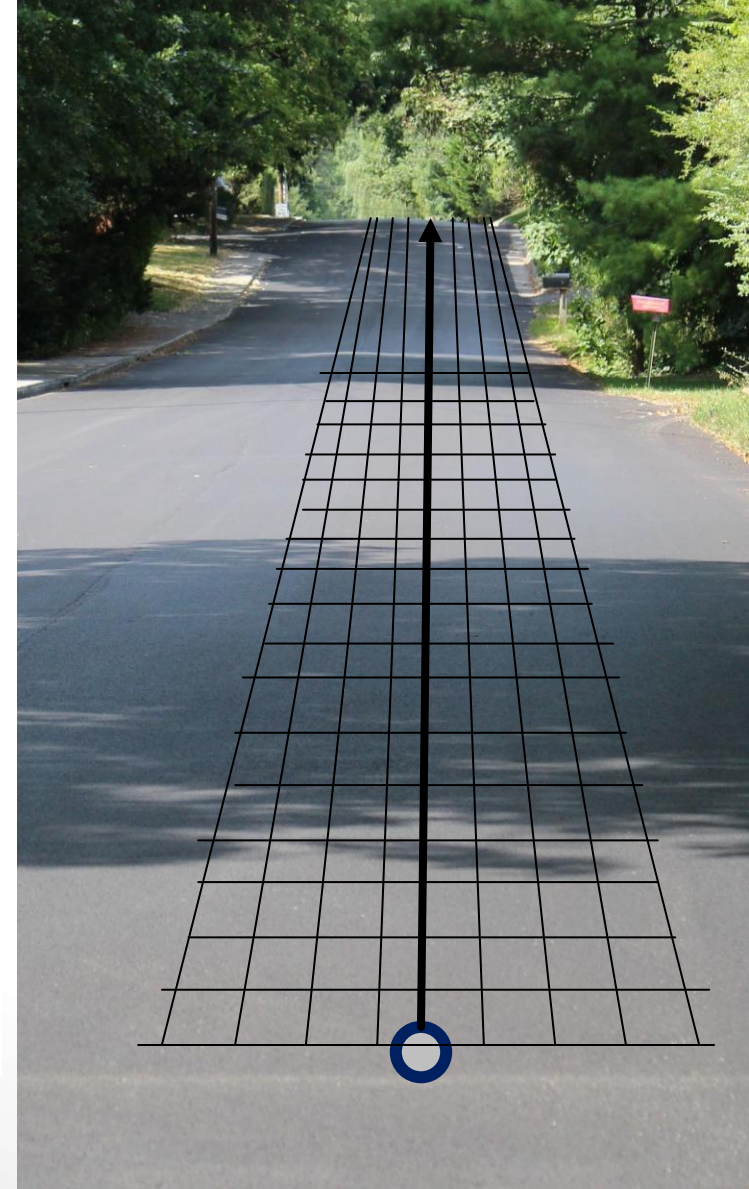
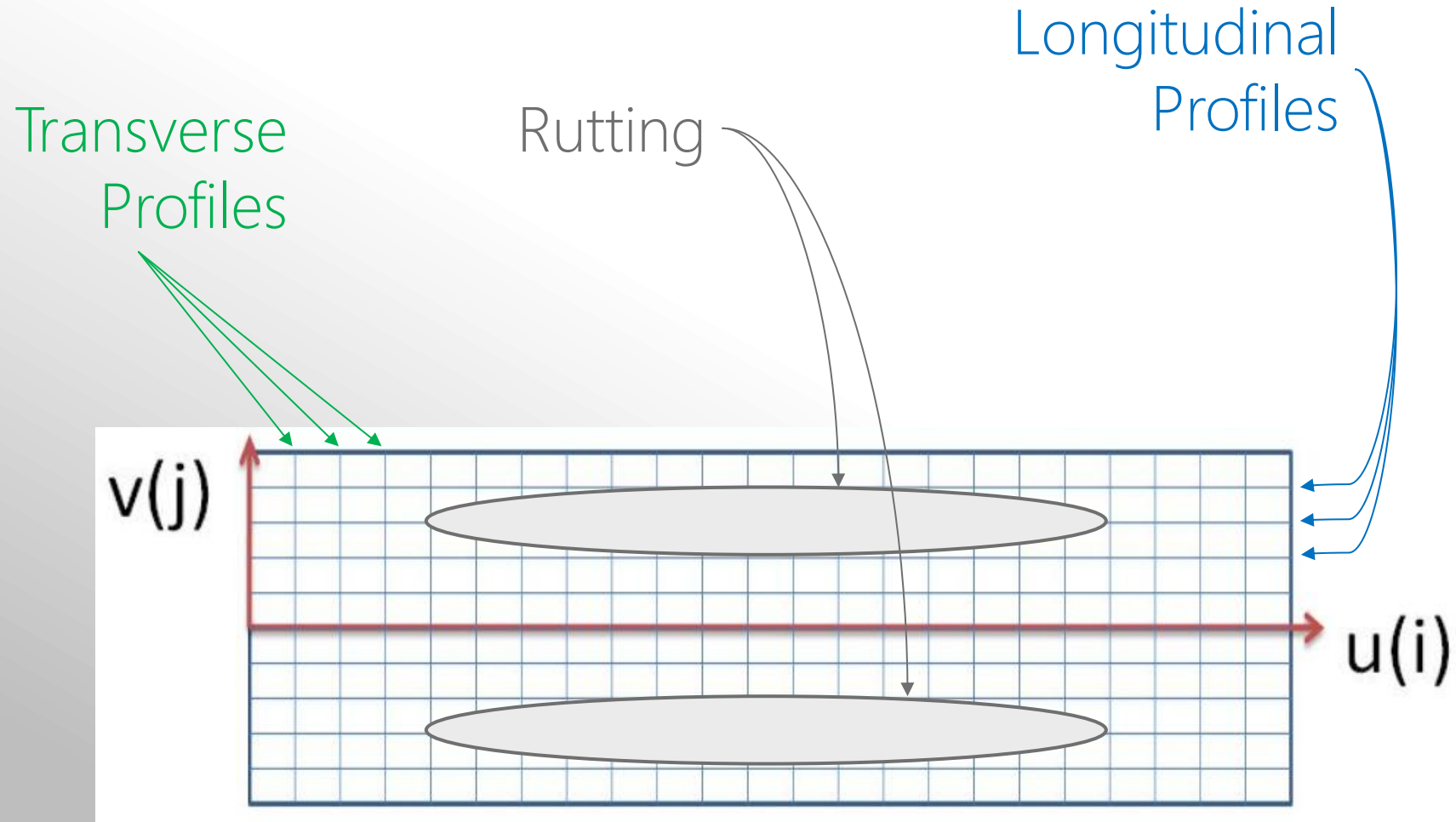
4.4	0.6	3.5	5.4	...
3.4	7.5	3.6	3.5	...
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	



# 2. *ATTRIBUTE-SPECIFIC* GRIDS



SO WHAT?!



# 2. *ATTRIBUTE-SPECIFIC* GRIDS



IMAGES!

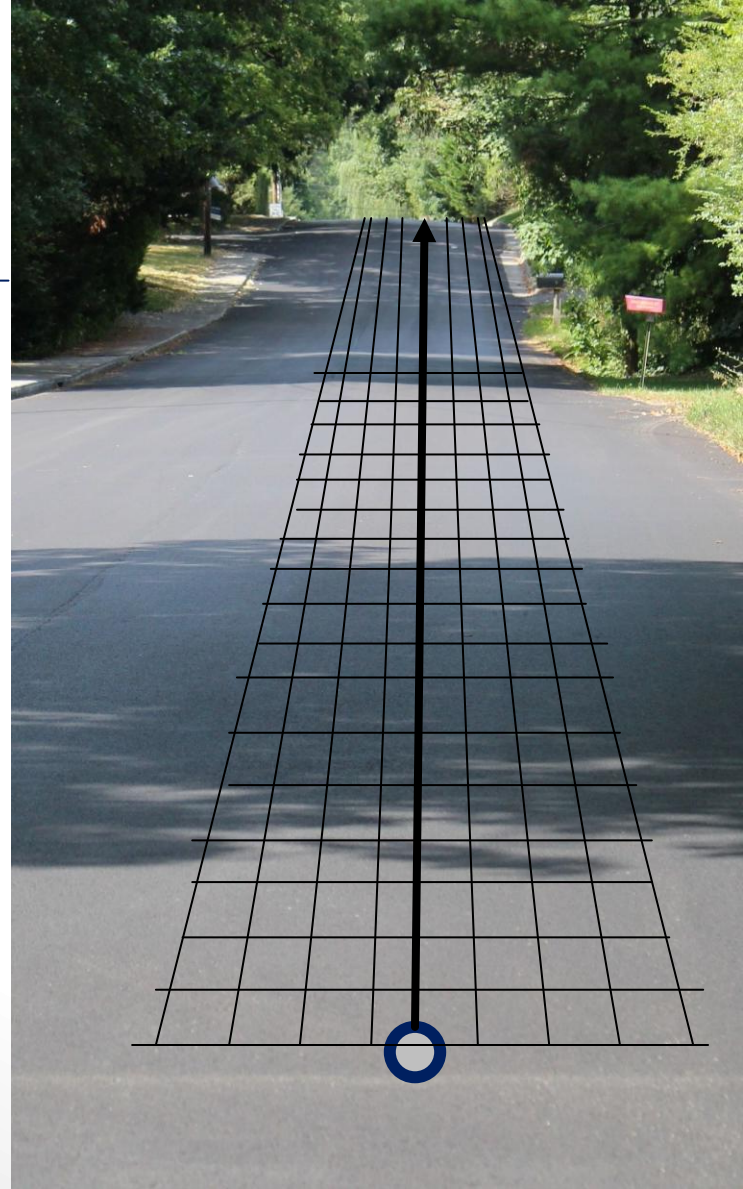
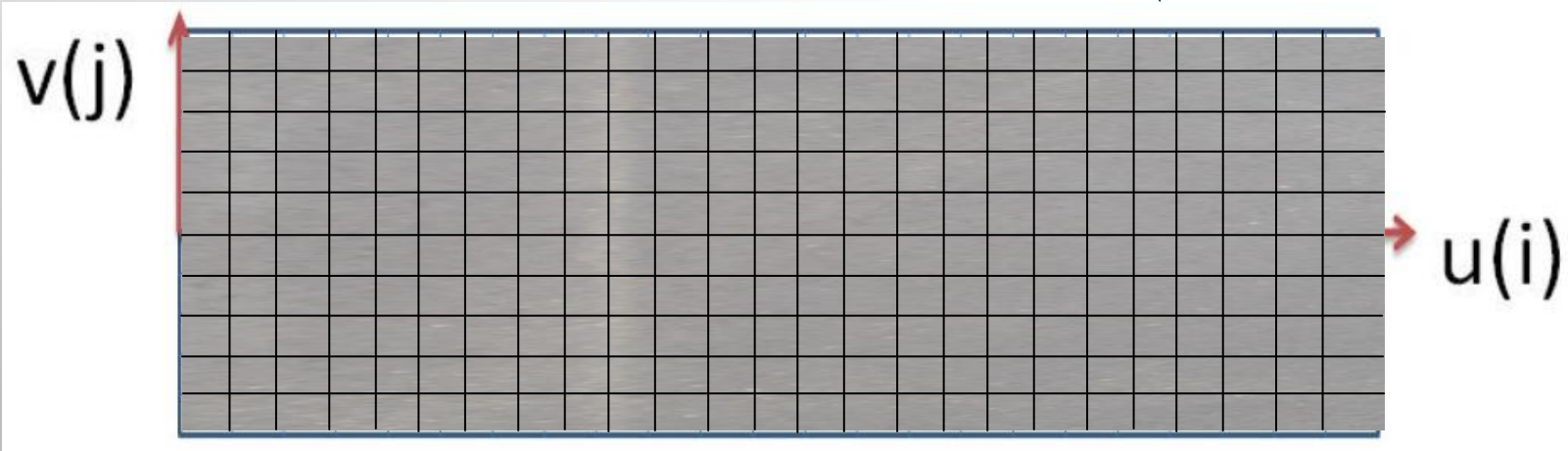
3 MATRICES

Blue  
Red  
Green

OR

Magenta  
Cyan  
Yellow

Inverse Perspective Mapping (IPM)  
(birdsEyeView)



# GEOREFERENCING ATTRIBUTES

- REFERENCE PATH IS UNAMBIGUOUS, STABLE, COMPACT, COMPREHENSIVE (*ALL ATTRIBUTES*)
- EACH ATTRIBUTE HAS A GRID DEFINED ON *THE* REFERENCE PATH FOR THE ROAD
- CAN ANALYZE ROAD USING ALL AVAILABLE DATA FROM ALL TIMES IN THE DATABASE

THANK YOU!



Details are Here

