



# Removing Drift from Inertial Navigation System Measurements

RPUG 2009



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# Outline

Laboratory Overview

Vehicle Terrain Measurement System

Addressing the Problem

Correcting INS Drift in Terrain Measurements

Summary



# Laboratory Overview

## Vehicles

- Passenger cars, commercial off-road, military vehicles, motorcycles (system level)
- Modeling and Simulation



## Terrain

- Modeling
- **Measurement**



## Performance

- Ride
- Handling
- Reliability
- Durability



# Vehicle Terrain Measurement System

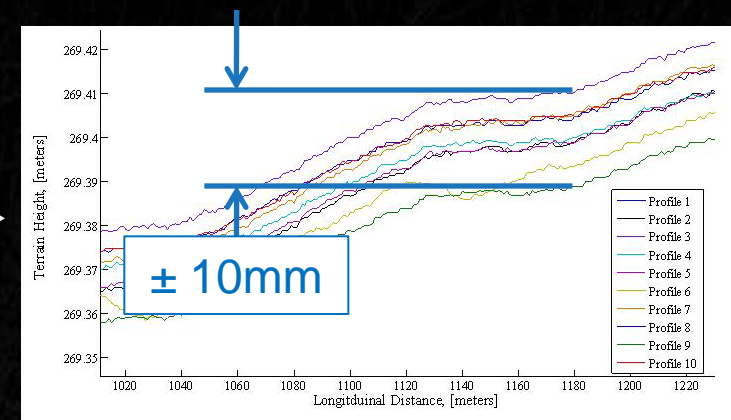
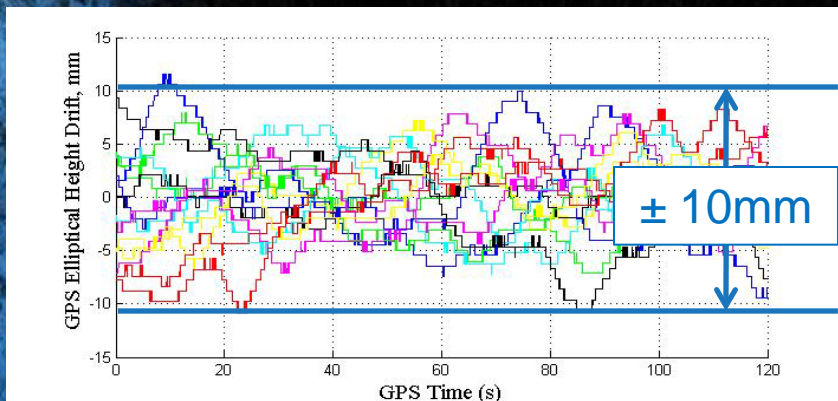
- Scanning Laser
  - Provides relative height measurement
- Inertial Navigation System
  - DGPS:
    - Establishes global coordinate system
  - IMU:
    - Mitigates low frequency body motion (<10 Hz)
  - Accelerometers
    - Mitigates high frequency body motion (>10 Hz)





# Addressing the Problem

- INS is capable of establishing a geodetic (latitude & longitude) position with 2cm accuracy with differential GPS
- Experimentation shows artifacts of “INS drift” in *height*
  - Max variation = +/- 10mm
- INS drift introduces run-to-run variation
- Negatively impacts IRI cross-correlation (~80%)



# Addressing the Problem

## Fundamental Question

*How do we recognize and remove error contributions from INS drift only?*

# Correcting INS Drift

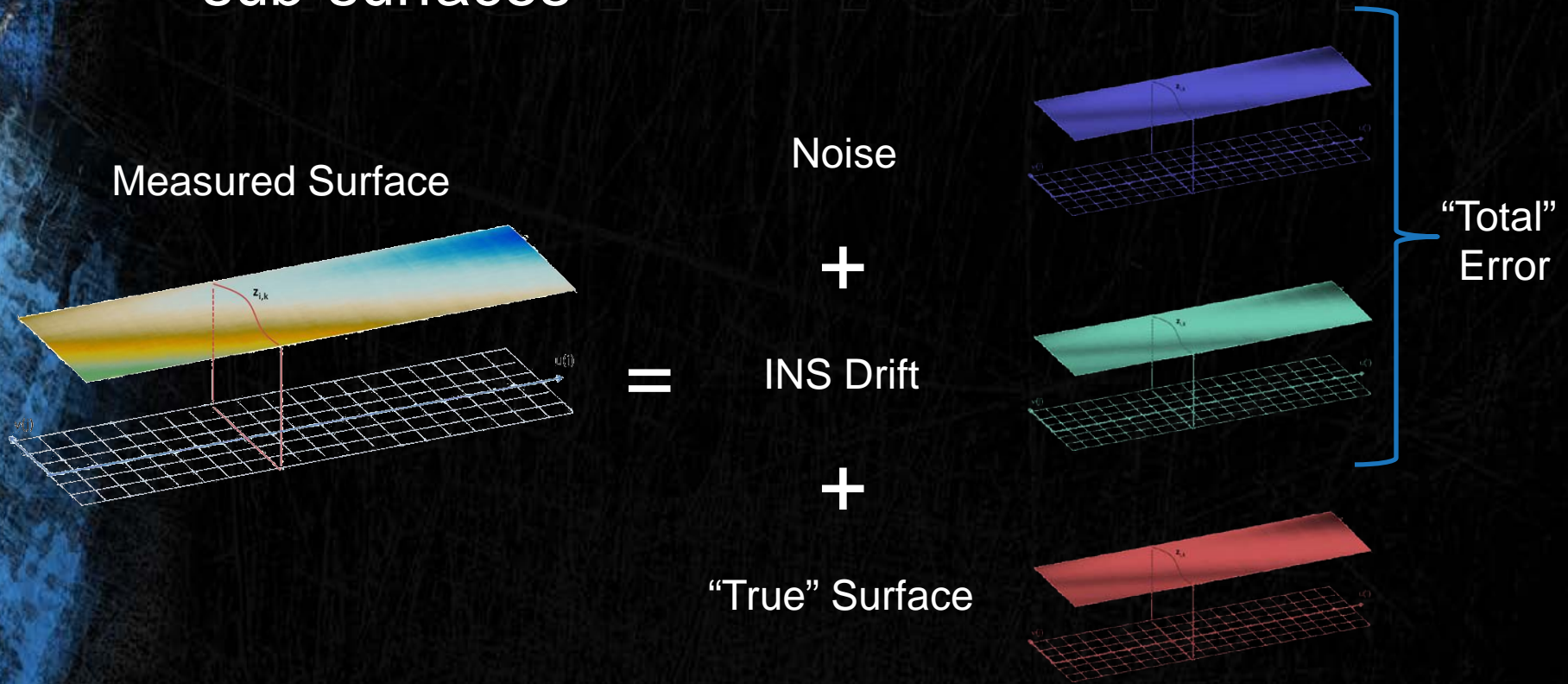
## Assumptions

- Neglect horizontal drift
- Elliptical height changes only in time
- Non-deformable terrain only
- INS treated as “black box” – combining DGPS + IMU



# Correcting INS Drift

Each measurement represents the sum of three  
“sub-surfaces”

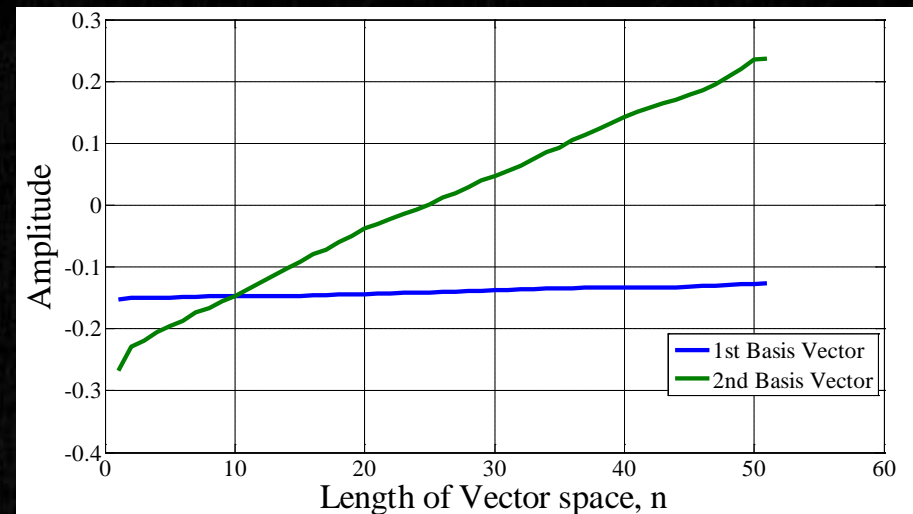




# Correcting INS Drift

The “Total” error must be separated into INS drift and noise.

- Singular Value Decomposition – determine contributions from different “shapes” to the error
- Noise must be zero-mean and is not correlated to the INS drift



# Correcting INS Drift

## Proof of Concept

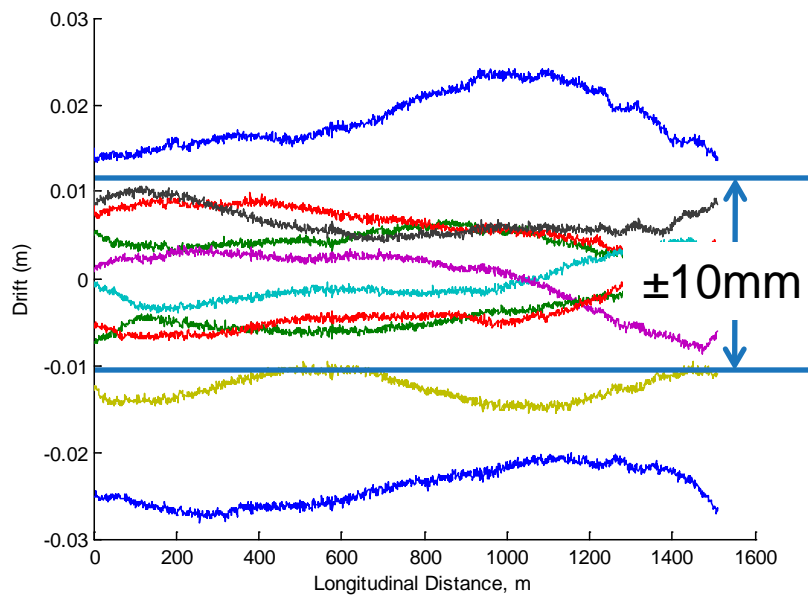
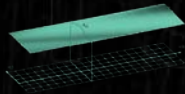
- MnRoad Test Facility, Albertville, MN
- 160m section of asphalt
- 10 total measurements (alternating directions)
- Vehicle Velocity  $\sim 10$  m/s
  - 10mm Longitudinal Spacing
  - 20mm Transverse Spacing



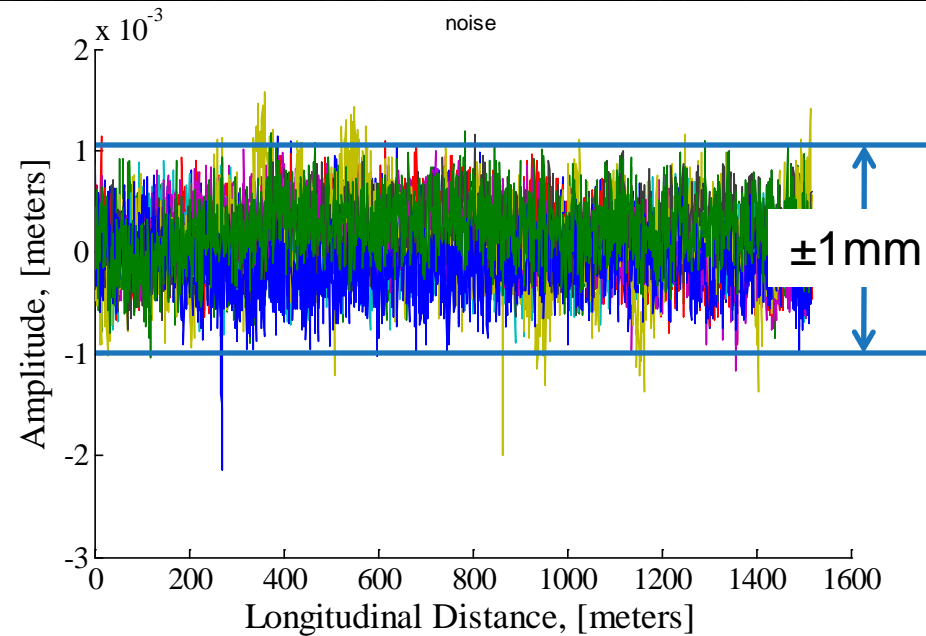
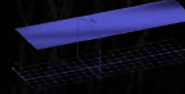


# Correcting INS Drift

## Drift



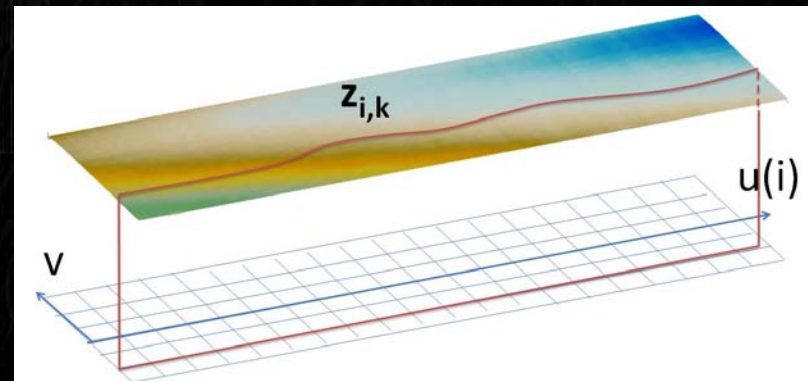
## Noise



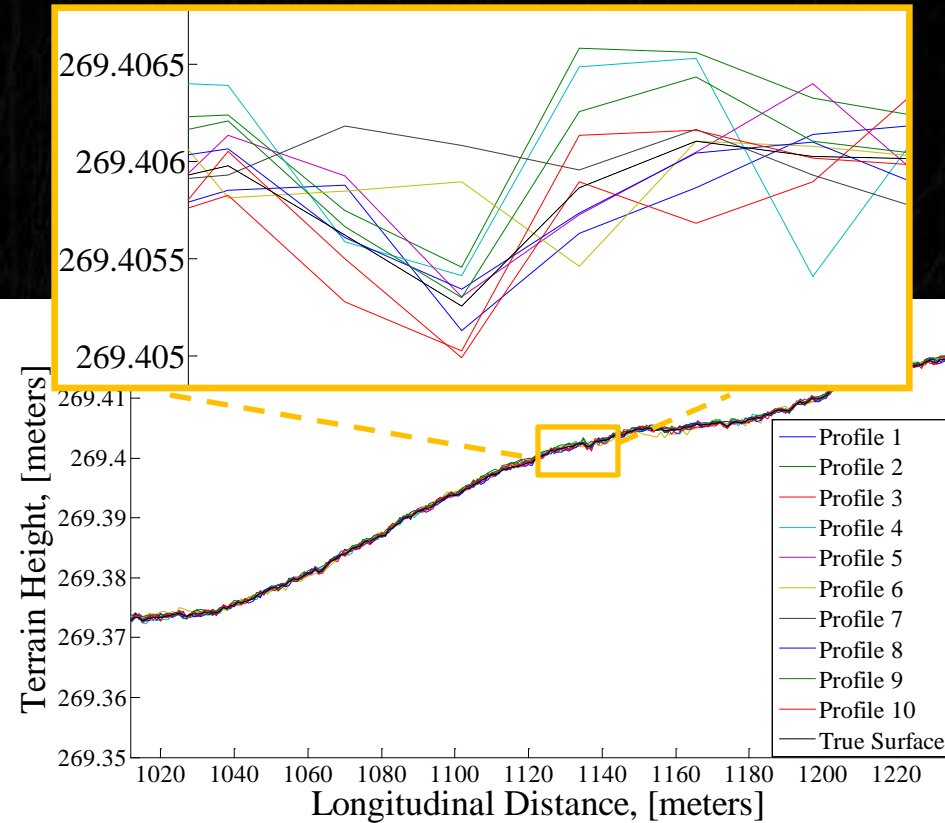
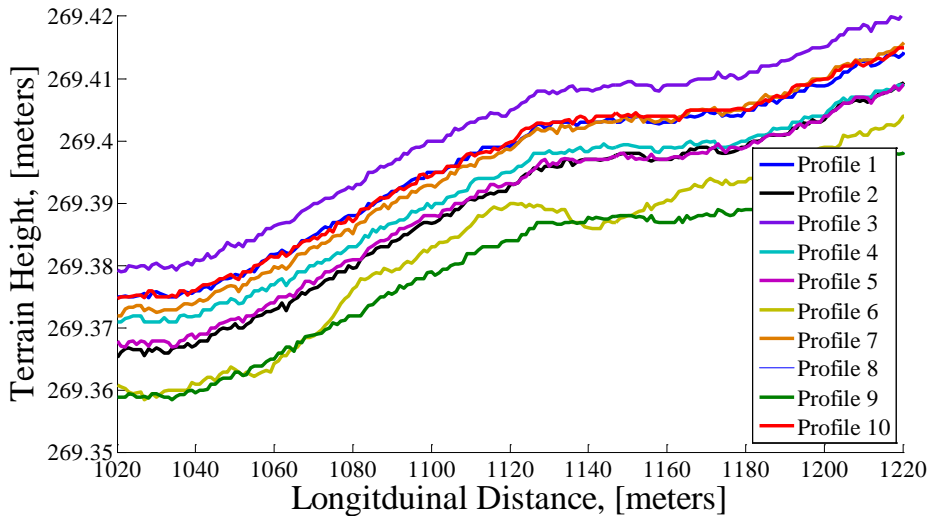
# Correcting INS Drift

## Proof of Concept

- Longitudinal view of terrain surface



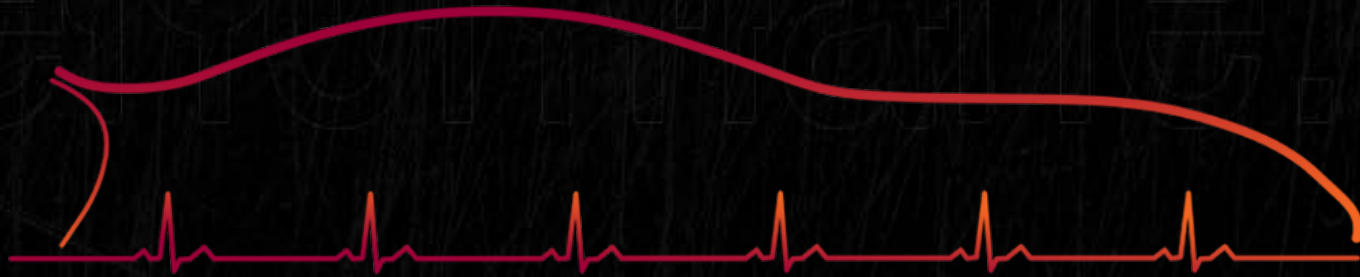
## No INS Drift Correction





# Summary

- INS Drift sufficiently characterized and removed
  - Error contribution due to precision (noise) remains
- IRI cross-correlation improved to 98%
- Autocorrelation improved to 99%
- Future Work:
  - Research effects on different road geometries (bank, grade, crowning, rutting)



**VEHICLE TERRAIN PERFORMANCE LABORATORY**

# Large High-Resolution Display for Terrain Visualization

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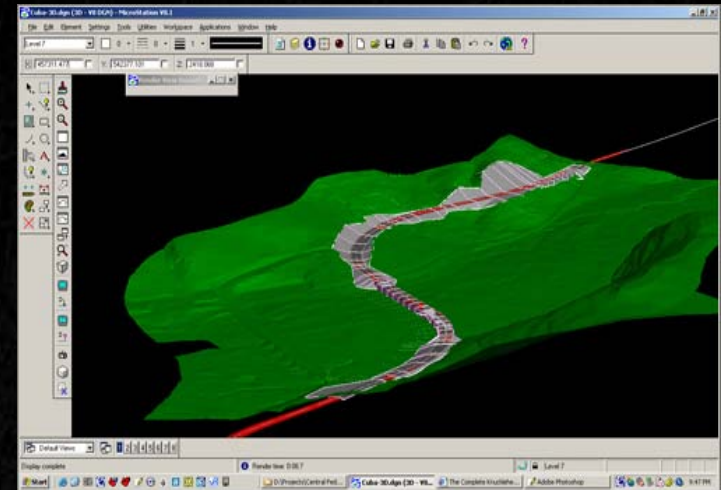
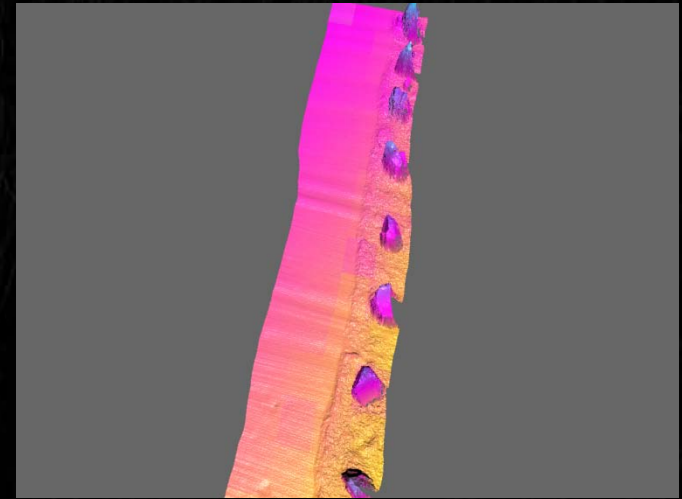
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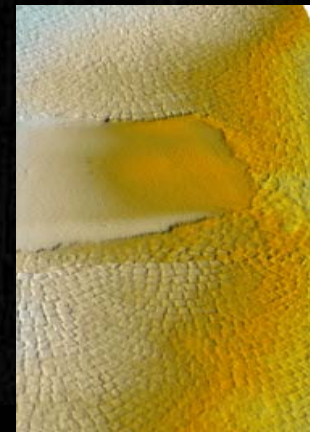
# Terrain Visualization

- Improve user's subjective understanding of the terrain data
- Have been used in various engineering simulations
- Industry is making use of terrain visualization in designing and planning



# VTMS Data Visualization

- A single dataset includes several millions of points.
- Difficult to visualize multiple VTMS datasets in small displays and desktop systems
- Massive amounts of computing power are required to render the high-fidelity terrain data.
- The resolution of the VTMS datasets is easily beyond the capability of current computer display and graphics systems.





# Large High-Resolution Display (LHRD)

- Much higher DPI
- Wider field of view to terrain data
- Terrain visualization on a scale comparable to real life
- Terrain rendered in parallel
- Collaboration

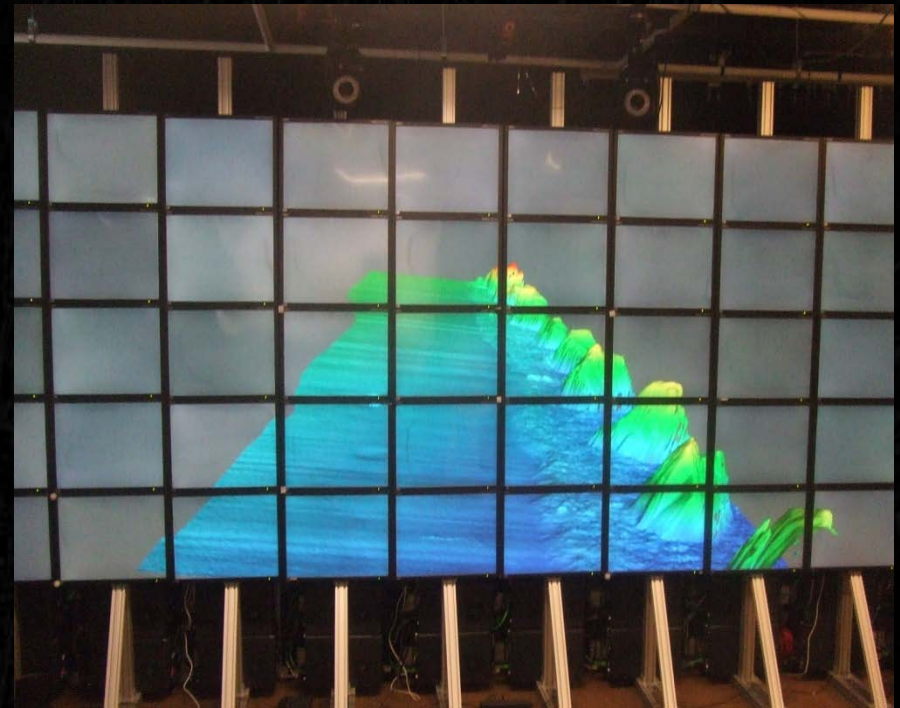
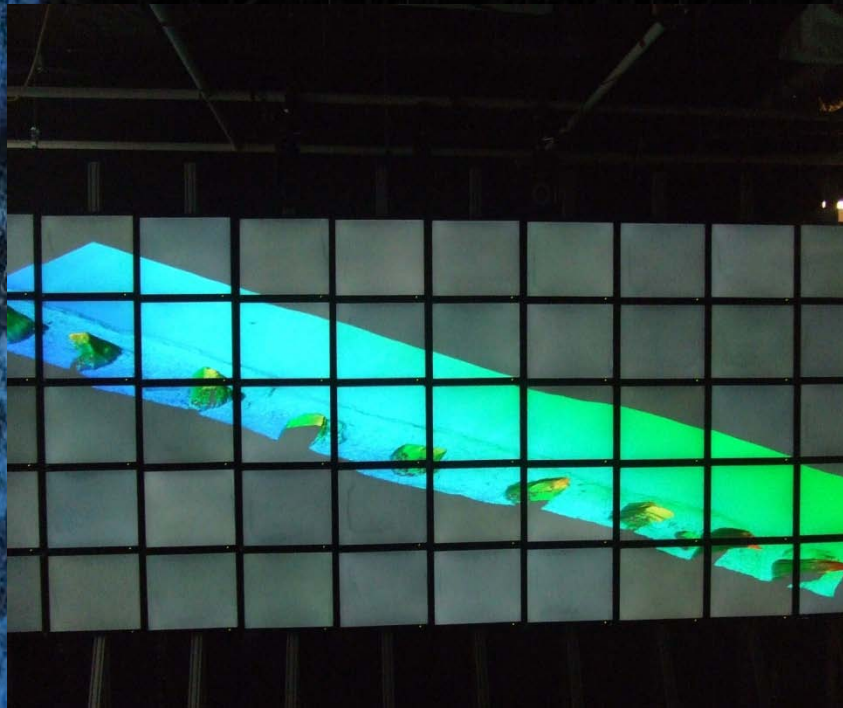


# Possible Applications for LHRD Visualization

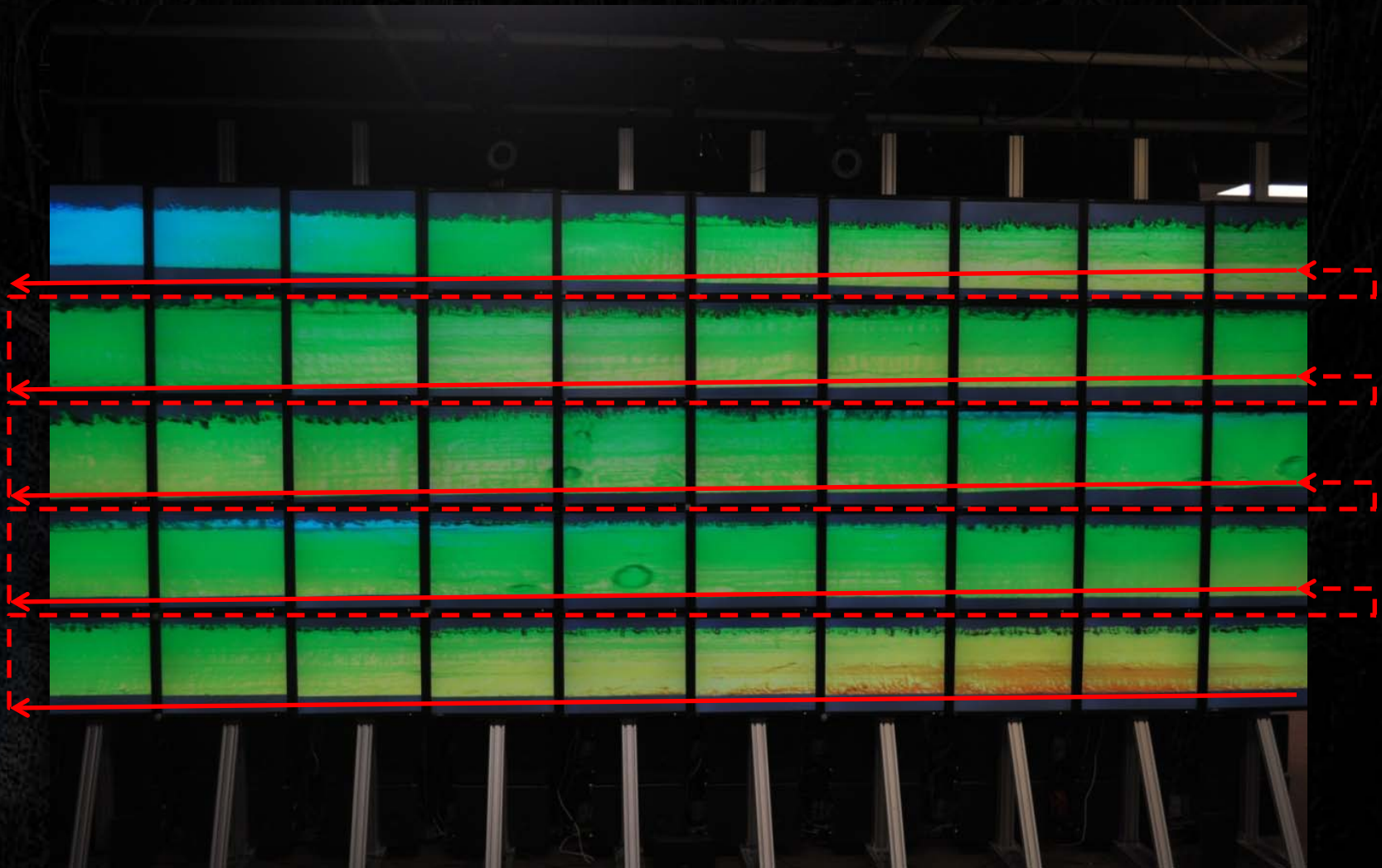
- Data analysis of terrain data and simulation results
- Visualization of vehicular simulation
- Visual inspection of pavement health
- Planning and designing of roads
- Effective communication tool for stakeholders and public



# Visualization Prototypes



# Visualization Prototypes





# Summary

- LHRD provides a novel platform to interactively visualize high-fidelity terrain data
- Terrain features can be displayed at a life-size scale
- Potential applications span both vehicle simulation and pavement communities