

# Evolution of Pavement Condition Survey, Data Collection and Performance Evaluation Technologies - Canadian Experience

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Ministry of Transportation of Ontario

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#### **Highlights of Presentation**

- Overview of MTO ARAN History
- Current ARAN System Components/Functions
- Automated Pavement Distress Data Collection, Evaluation and Reporting with ARAN/LCMS
- What can and can't be done with current ARAN/LCMS?
- What are the on-going work with current ARAN/LCMS?
- Potential Roles of ARAN/LCMS in supporting and implementing MTO Warranty Projects
- Issues and Discussions

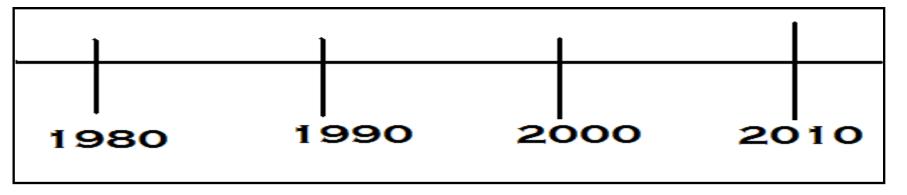












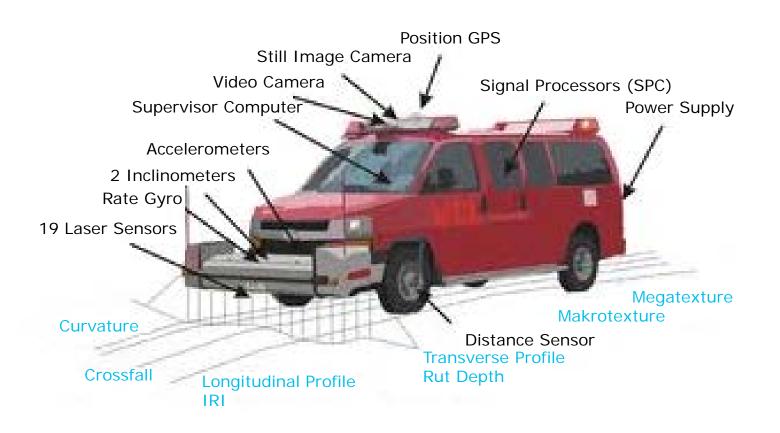














PDDC V.2.7.1.0 File Edit Subject Record Reports Tools He	р				
Section Search   Tick-sheet View of Section   Section Attribu	tes	Pavement Distress	Shoulder Distress   Maintenance Treatment		
Survey Month/Year :         6         2006           Evaluator :         Todd Filson           Under Construction :         677		FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT CONDITION EVALUATION			SEVERITY OF SEVERITY OF
HWY: 41		AC - PAVEMENT DISTRESS TYPES			DISTRESS
LHRS : 29610 Offset : 4		SURFACE DEFECTS	Ravelling and Course Aggregate Loss	1	1
			Flushing	О	0
Direction :         B         BOTH           Facility :         A         ALL LANES			Rippling and Shoving	ГО	0
Class: A ARTERIAL	[	SURFACE DEFORMATIONS	Wheel Track Rutting	0	0
Distance From: 108.63 To: 121.02			Distortion	3	1
From : DENBIGH LAKE RD		LONGITUDINAL WHEEL TRACK	Single and Multiple	2	4
To: 6.6 KM N OF HWY 28			Alligator	2	3
Reg : Eastern Dist Bancroft	OR ACK-ZG	CENTRE LINE	Single and Multiple	2	2
			Alligator	ГО	0
Pavement and Shoulders Distress Comments (Maximum - 255 Characters)		PAVEMENT EDGE	Single and Multiple	1	1
Consider Micro or Ultrtathin in future. Cracks are beyond the R&S window.			Alligator	1	1
		TRANSVERSE	Half, Full and Multiple	2	5
			Alligator	1	1
		Longitudinal Meander and Midlane		2	4
Indexes/Ratios :		Random		ГО	0
PCI: 76 RCI: 7.57 DMI: 8.05					
PCR: 76 RCI: 7.57 DMI: 8.05 PCR: 83 RCR: 7.9 IRI: 1.36					Re-Set All Distress To Zero



#### Distress Manifestation Index (DMI)

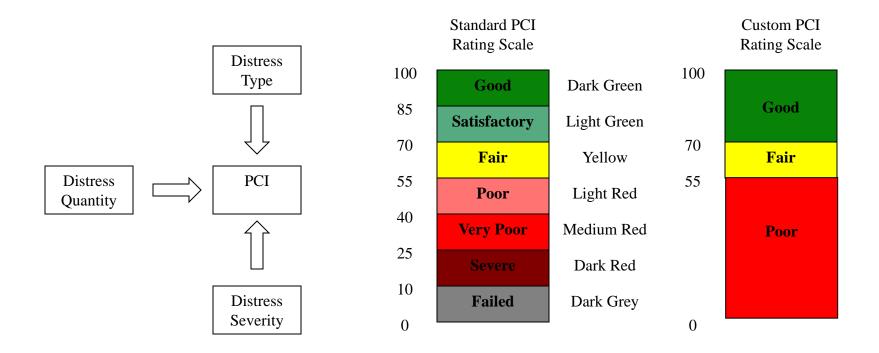
$$DMI = \sum_{i=1}^{15} w_i (s_i + e_i)$$

```
    i = distress type i
    w<sub>i</sub> = weighting factor assigned to distress i
    s<sub>i</sub> = severity of distress i
    e<sub>i</sub> = extent of distress i
```

The scale of DMI is ranged from 0 to 10



#### **Pavement Performance Ratings**





#### **Key Performance Indicators**

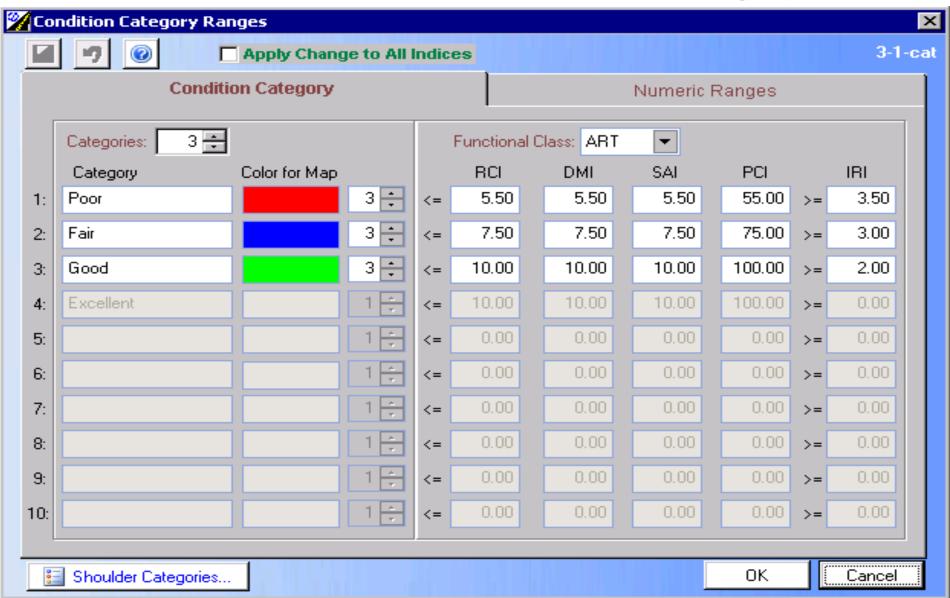
- Pavement Condition Index (PCI)
  - Used for evaluation of overall pavement condition
  - Scaled from 0 and 100 (worst to best).
  - Calculated from IRI and DMI through their functional relationship:

$$PCI = a + b \times DMI - c \times IRI$$

where, a, b, and c are the coefficients that are developed through regression analysis for each of the individual pavement types.



#### Performance Indicator VS Condition Category





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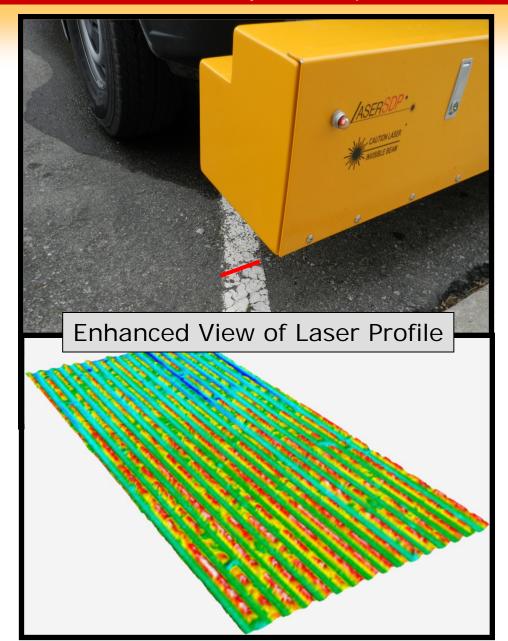
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## Pavement Roughness (IRI)

- RoLine Laser
- 100mm footprint
- Samples longitudinally every 25mm continuously





#### Right Of Way Images:

- Approx. 140 degree Field of View between two cameras
- High definition
- Calibrated for feature extraction using software tools





#### MTO/LCMS - 3D Pavement System

- INO/Pavemetrics
- LCMS Laser Crack Measurement System
- LRMS Laser Rut Measurement System





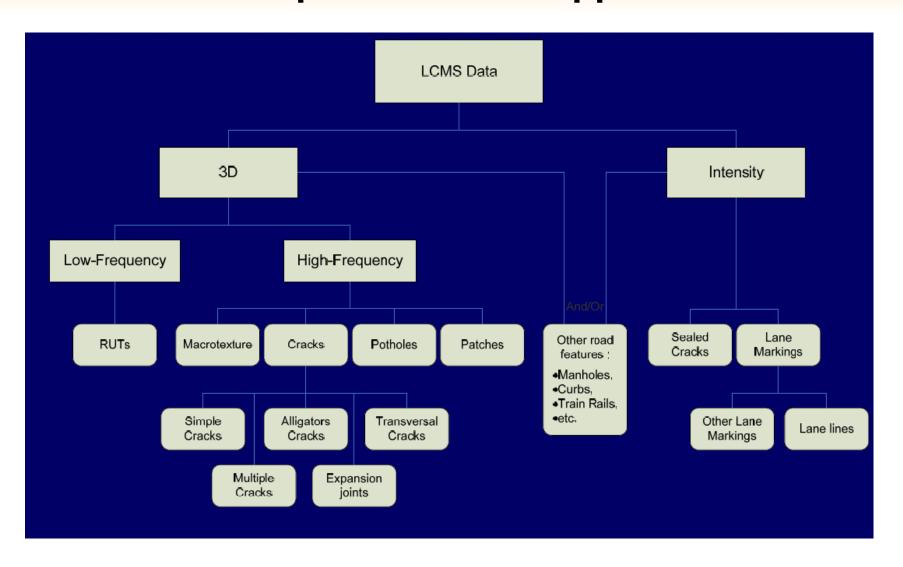
#### **LCMS Capabilities and Applications**



- LCMS Calculates Rutting in Both Wheel Paths
- Determines Crack, Width, Depth, and Extent.

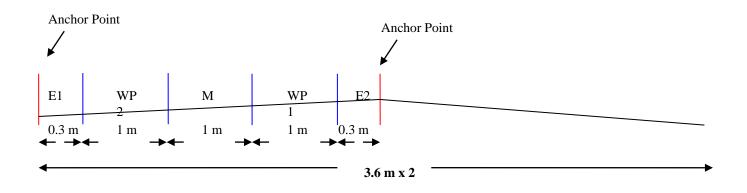


#### **LCMS Capabilities and Applications**





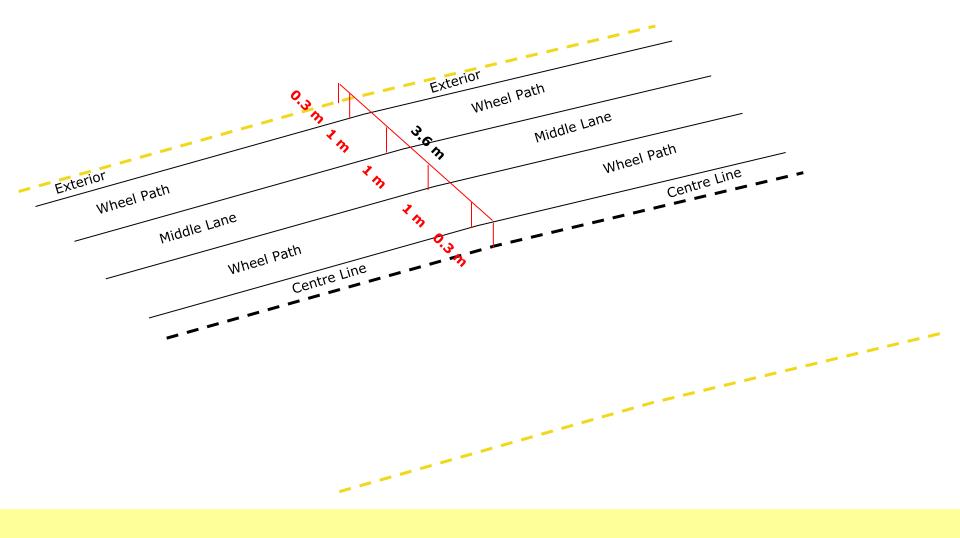
## Zones Defined for Distress Data Collecting, Evaluation and Reporting



Anchor points can be either on edge or centreline and they can be allocated by ARAN. 3.6 m wide pavement image is used for evaluating pavement conditions

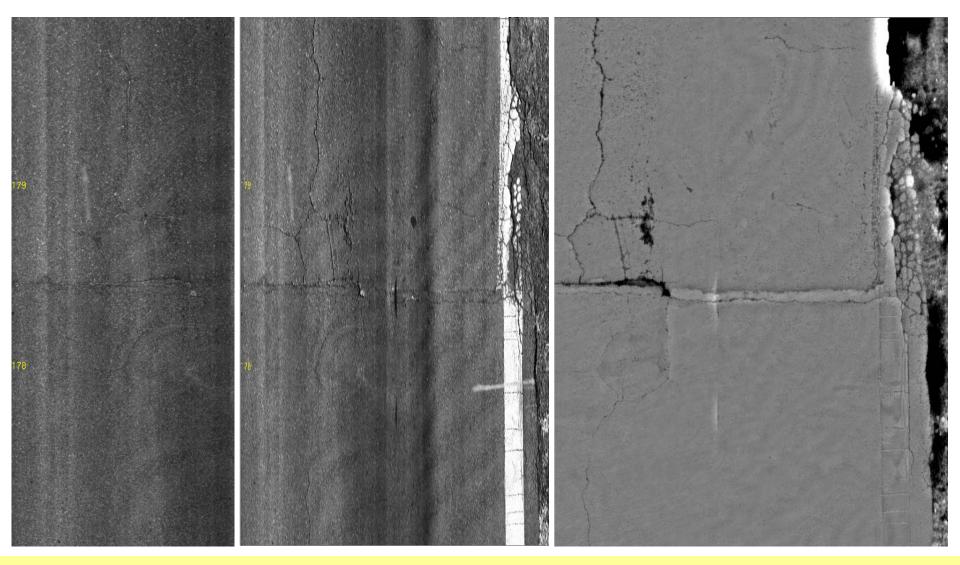


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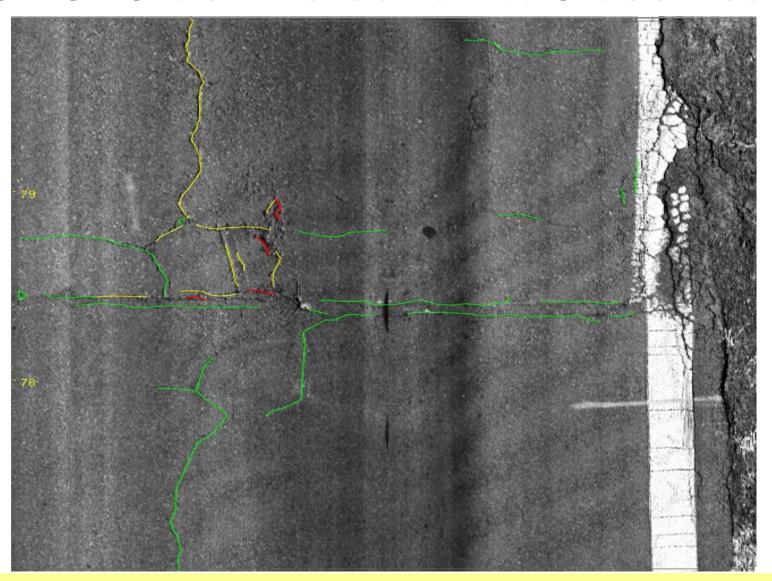


## Sample Images of Pavement Distresses Taken from ARAN/LCMS





#### **LCMS- Crack Detection & Classification**





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#### Which distresses can't be identified

Individual Distresses for Asphalt Concrete (AC) Pavement	ARAN/LCMS Capability
Ravelling and Coarse Aggregate Loss	х
Flushing	Х
Rippling and Shoving	х
Wheel Track Rutting	✓
Distortion	х
Longitudinal Wheel Track: Sing. / Multi.	✓
Longitudinal Wheel Track: Alligator	✓
Longitudinal Meandering and Midlane	✓
Transverse: Half, Full and Multiple	✓
Transverse: Alligator	x
Centreline: Single and Multiple	1
Centreline: Alligator	1
Pavement Edge: Single and Multiple	✓
Pavement Edge: Alligator	✓
Random/Map	х

- Of the 15 individual distresses known to effect AC pavements the ARAN registers eight
- Ravelling and Course
   Aggregate Loss, Distortion, and
   Flushing have been omitted.
   Texture data is collected but not
   readily usable
- Map and random cracks are reclassified as alligator cracks
- Rutting data will be used as an independent component in PCI Calculation



#### MTO ARAN/LCMS Capabilities

 The ARAN/LCMS identifies and reporting 8 individual distresses, and providing evaluation results with 6 quantitative Metrics for a given highway section, at every 10 m pavement section

#### Eight Individual Distresses:

- 1. Midlane Single & Multiple Cracking
- 2. Single & Multiple Pavement Edge Cracking
- 3. Longitudinal Wheel Track Cracking
- 4. Single & Multiple Transverse Cracking
- 5. Centre Line Single & Multiple Cracking
- 6. Centre Line Alligator Cracking
- 7. Wheel Path Alligator Cracking
- 8. Alligator Pavement Edge Cracking

#### Quantitative Metrics

- 1. Extent (m)
- 2. Count
- 3. Area (m<sup>2</sup>)
- 4. Length (m)
- 5. Width (m)
- 6. Transverse Extent (m)



## An Example of Reporting Quantitative Metrics for an Identified Distress by ARAN/LCMS

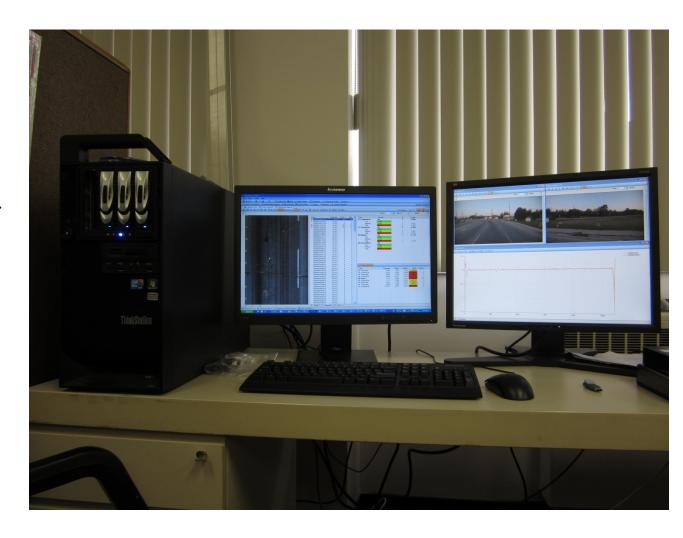
Identification Metrics	Slight	Moderate	Severe
Count	2	1	1
Crack Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	1.59	1.44	0.23
Length (m)	5	3	2.5
Extent (m)	2.6	1.8	1.5
Transverse Extent (m)	1	0.8	0.5
Width (m)	0.004	0.012	0.025

- When multiple cracks of the same type are evident then aggregation is applied to sum the identified distresses occurs in different severities
- Crack length and area are summed, crack width is averaged.
- Count represents the number of cracks identified. For alligator cracking, count represents the number of times the distress appears.



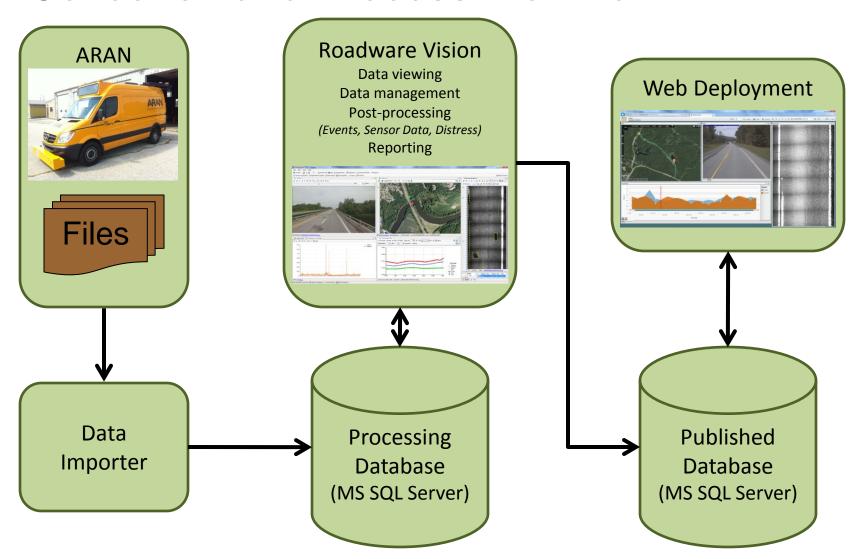
#### **Data Import/Vision Workstation**

- Premium Desktop Workstation;
- Removable hard drives allow for fastest transfer rate of data;
- Dual monitors for optimal data display;
- (not shown) 12 TB data storage unit.





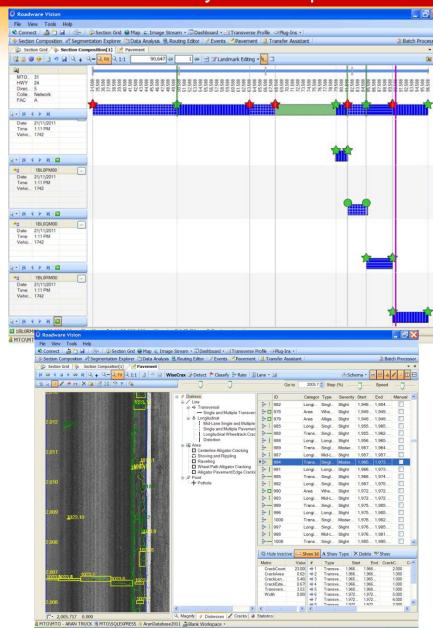
#### **Collection and Process Workflow**





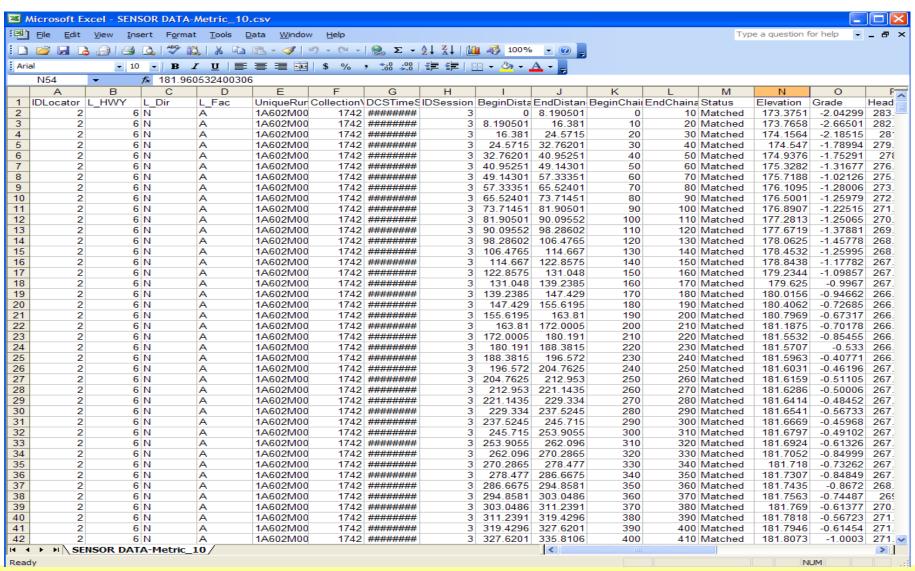
#### **Vision Software**

- Run Quality Control Checks on Imported Data to detect missing data or imagery;
- Auto Segment (by GPS)
   Collected Data to LHRS
   Routes;
- Extract/Detect pavement data characteristics and crack distresses, i.e. cracking, rutting and texture.





#### **ARAN/LCMS** Report Generator





#### Model for Calculating DMI with ARAN/LCMS

$$DMI_{auto} = \sum_{I=1}^{8} W_{I} \left( Metric \ I_{L} + Metric \ I_{M} + Metric \ I_{S} \right)$$

#### Where:

- $DMI_{auto} = DMI$  value calculated from automated distress evaluation
- $W_i$  = Weighting factor assigned to distress I
- *Metric*  $I_1$  = Sum of all metrics for Distress I at the slight severity level
- *Metric I* $_m$  = Sum of all metrics for Distress I at the moderate severity level
- *Metric I* $_s$  = Sum of all metrics for Distress I at the severe severity level
- MAX = The worst case scenario for an individual distress.



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### QUESTIONS?

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